



THE JAMAICA NEIGHBORHOOD PLAN

The Jamaica Neighborhood plan will provide a vision for the future of the neighborhood. The plan will support more housing, jobs across many industries, public space improvements, and local infrastructure investments.

This is a collaborative process that includes community leaders, community organizations, City agencies, and other local stakeholders to discuss Jamaica's present and propose ideas for programs, services, policies and other investments.

Introduction

Proposal Summary

The Jamaica Neighborhood Plan is projected to create:



Over 12,000 new homes



Around 4,000 income restricted homes



Over 2,000,000 square feet of commercial and CF uses



More than 7,000 jobs



Outline

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Introduction

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Background

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Existing Conditions

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Engagement

5.

Proposal

6.

Environmental + RER Introduction

Proposed Actions

Zoning Map Amendment

Promote growth of housing and jobs with zoning districts tailored to block and street types

Zoning Text Amendment

Expand the Special Downtown Jamaica Special District

 Apply Mandatory Inclusionary Housing (MIH) and special regulations to support jobs, active ground floors, streetscape improvements, open space, and a mix of uses

Urban Development Action Area Project (UDAAP)/Disposition

Redevelop and improve vacant underutilized City-owned land with 100% income-restricted housing

Co-applicant: HPD

Related Action

City Map Amendment (Demapping)

Facilitate the construction of two pedestrian plazas proposed as a part of the Station Plaza project.

Co-applicant: DOT/EDC

Introduction

Study Area

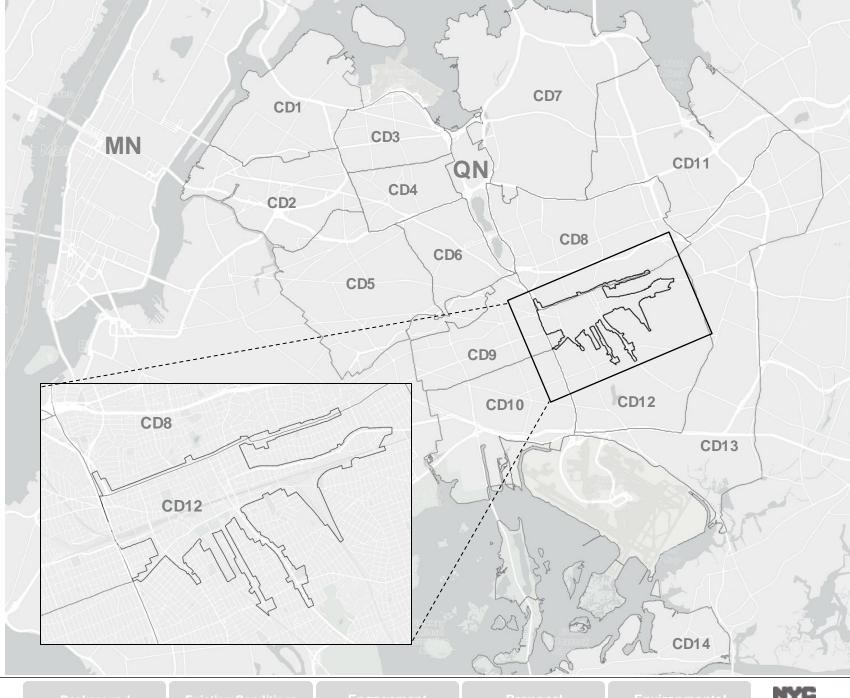
Queens Community District 8 and 12

Represented by:

Speaker Adrienne Adams

Council Member Nantasha Williams

Council Member James Gennaro









Historical Context









Pre-1700s

Indigenous Trail -Jamaica Avenue

1700s

"Kings Highway" -Jamaica Avenue

~1830s

The Green - One of NYC's oldest African American communities Mid-1800s

Brooklyn and Jamaica Railroad was built

~1897-98

Former Jamaica Savings Bank was built

'1918

BMT Jamaica Line (Elevated Train)

1970's

Elevated train torn down; Macy's closes

~1980s

York College and Jamaica Urban Renewal

Background

Jamaica's Recent History

Many planning efforts have continued to shape Jamaica to how it is today:

Area Wide Actions

Jamaica Rezoning 2007

Jamaica Gateway Urban Renewal Area 2007

2007 St. Albans-Hollis Rezoning

South Jamaica Rezoning 2011

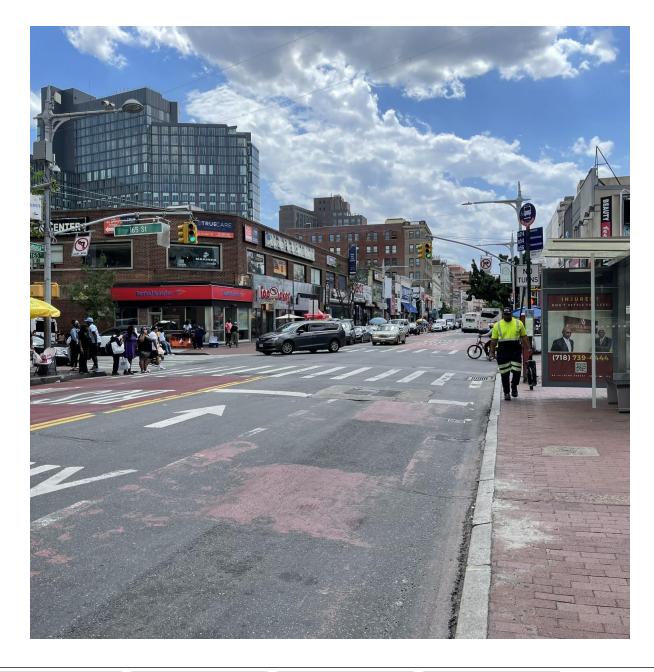
Other Planning Efforts

Jamaica Industrial Business Zone (IBZ) 2000s

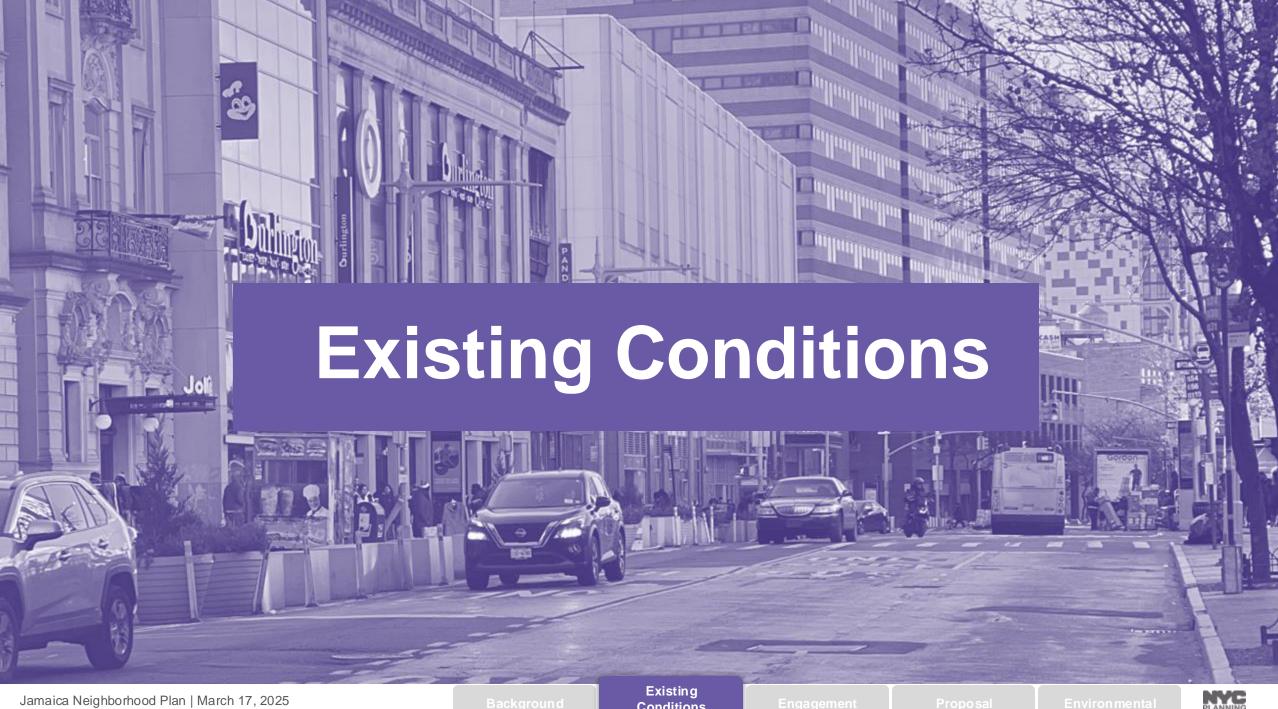
Jamaica NOW Action Plan 2014

2014 **Building Community Capacity Research**

2017 Jamaica Downtown Revitalization Initiative







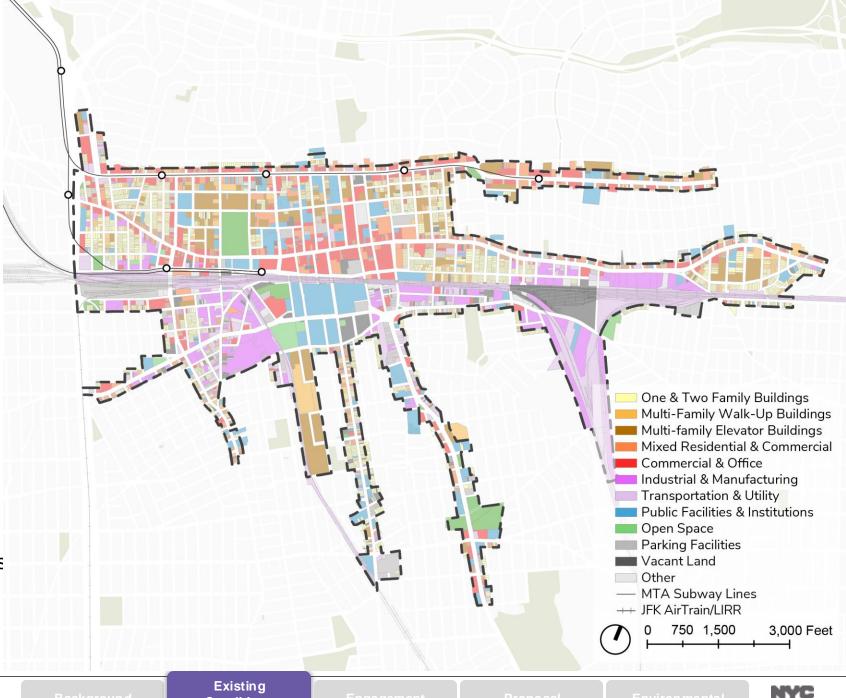
Land Uses

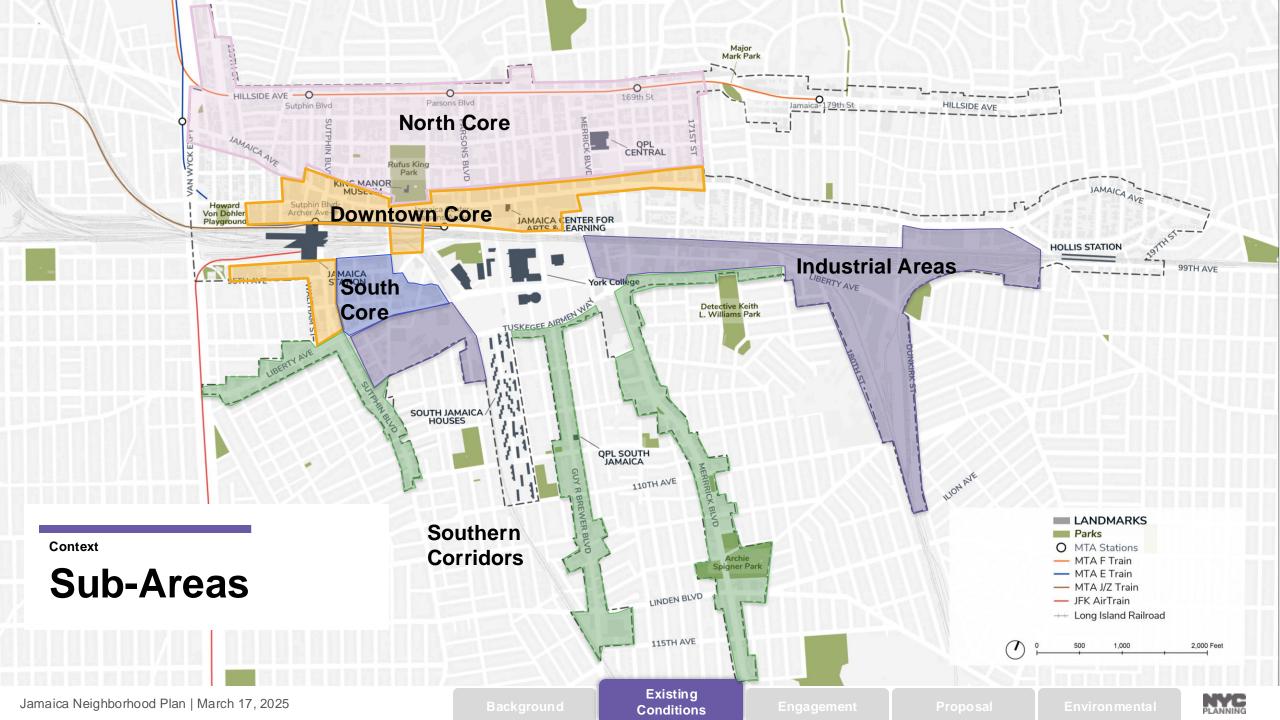
Study Area

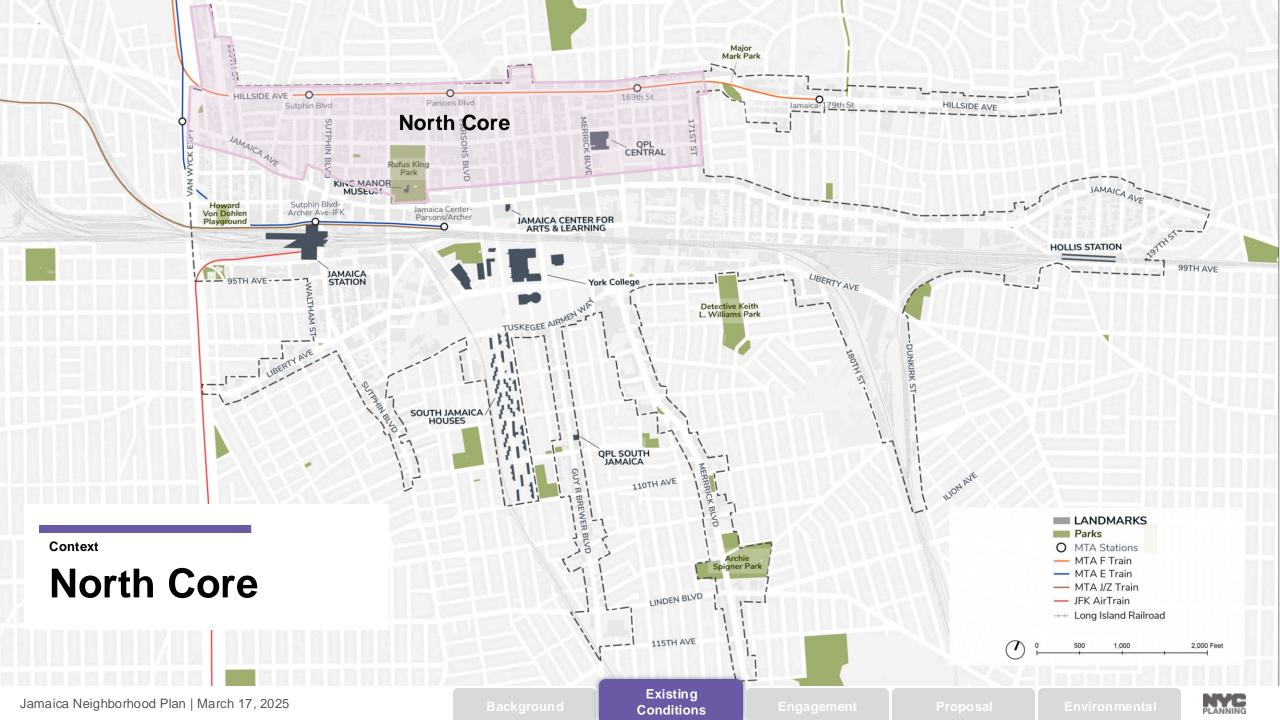
- Approximately 300-block area
- Wide range of uses including:
 - 1-2 family homes
 - Multifamily residential buildings
 - Commercial
 - Industrial
 - Community spaces like schools, city/state agency offices, or faith-based organizations

Surrounding Areas

Mainly residential with low rise buildings and 1-2 family homes.







North Core Photographs



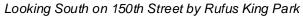


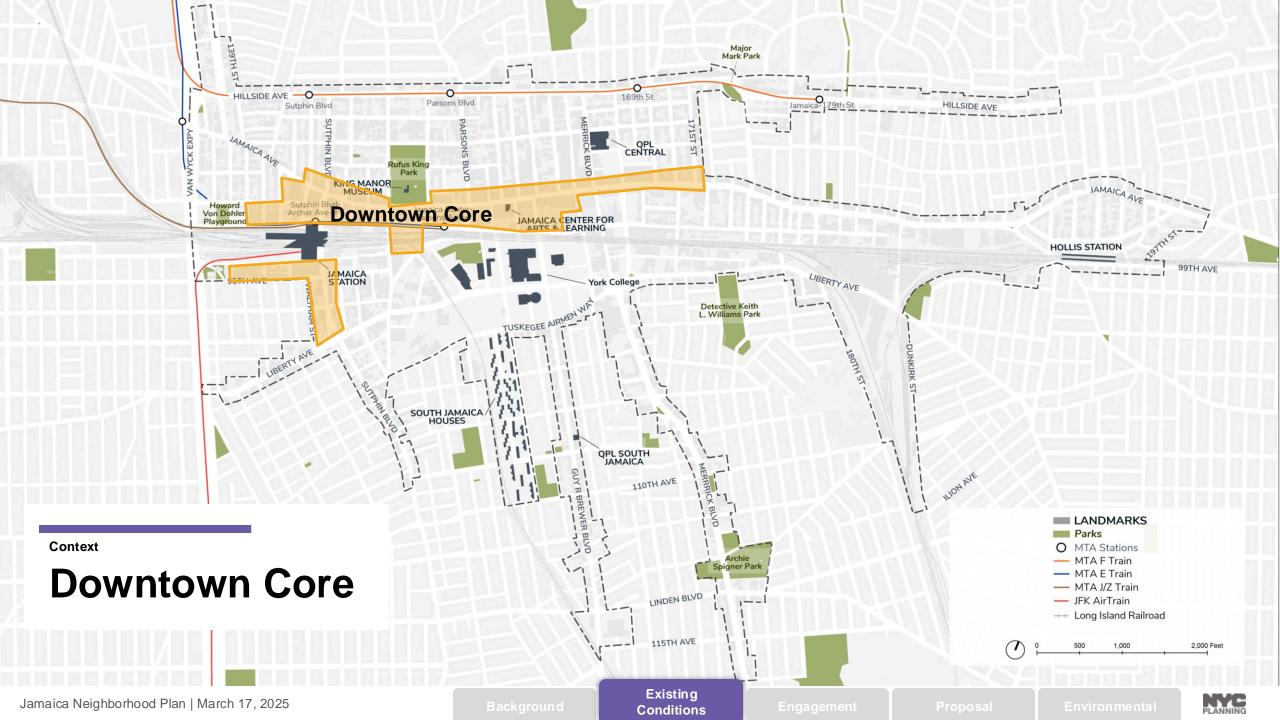


Looking east on Hillside Avenue and Parsons Blvd

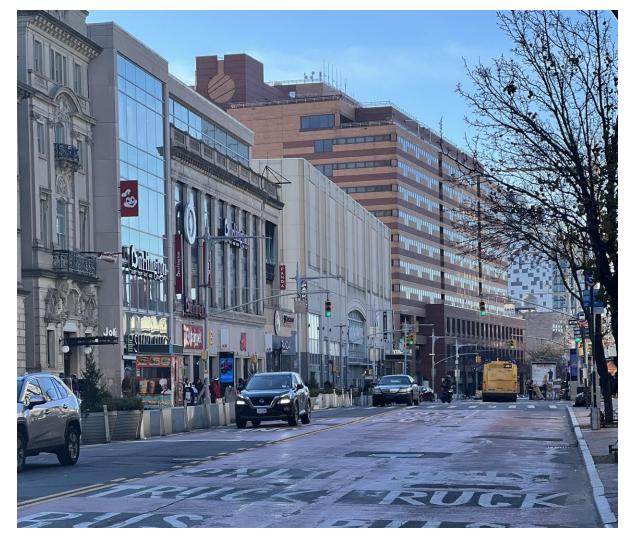
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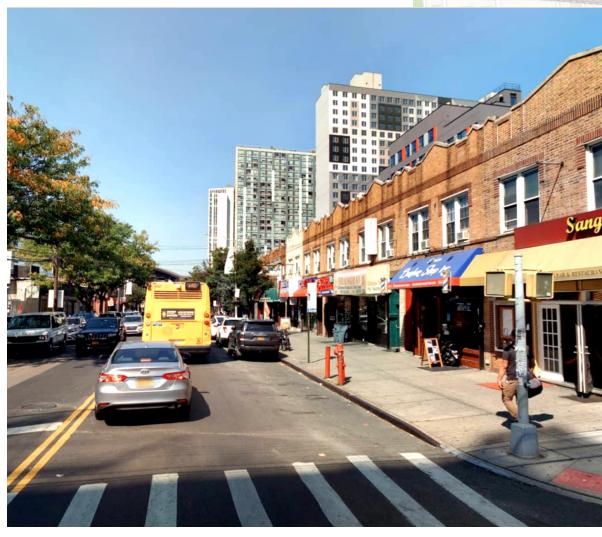






Downtown Core Photographs

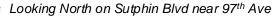


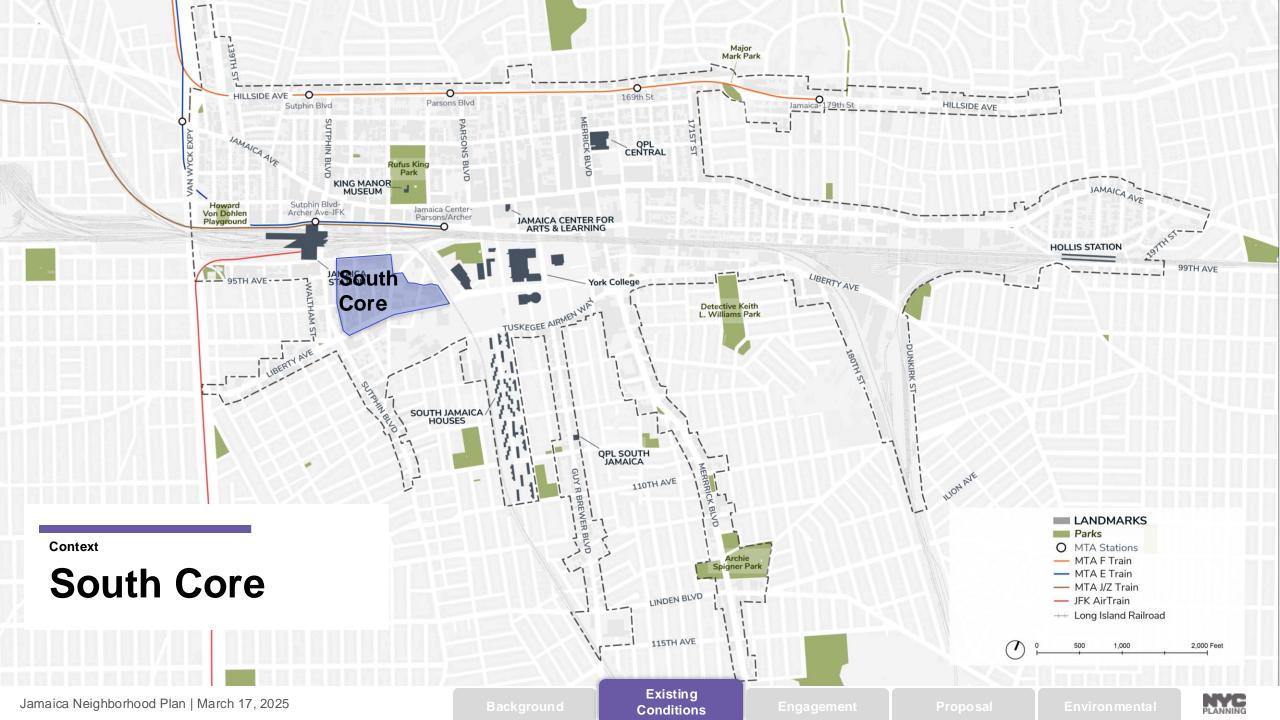




Looking West on Jamaica Avenue near 161st Street

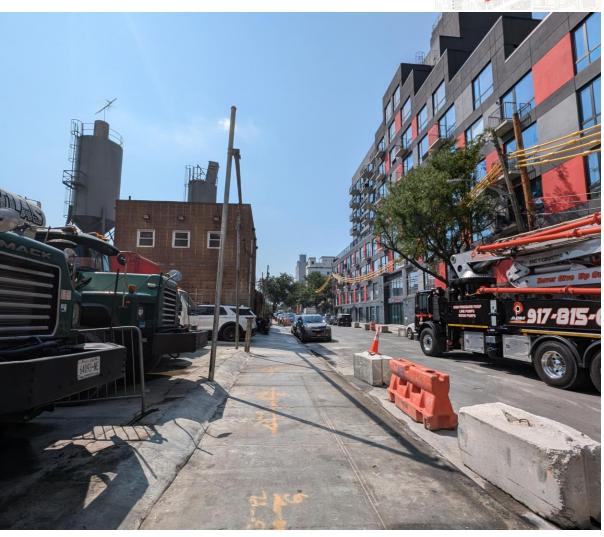


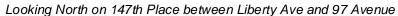




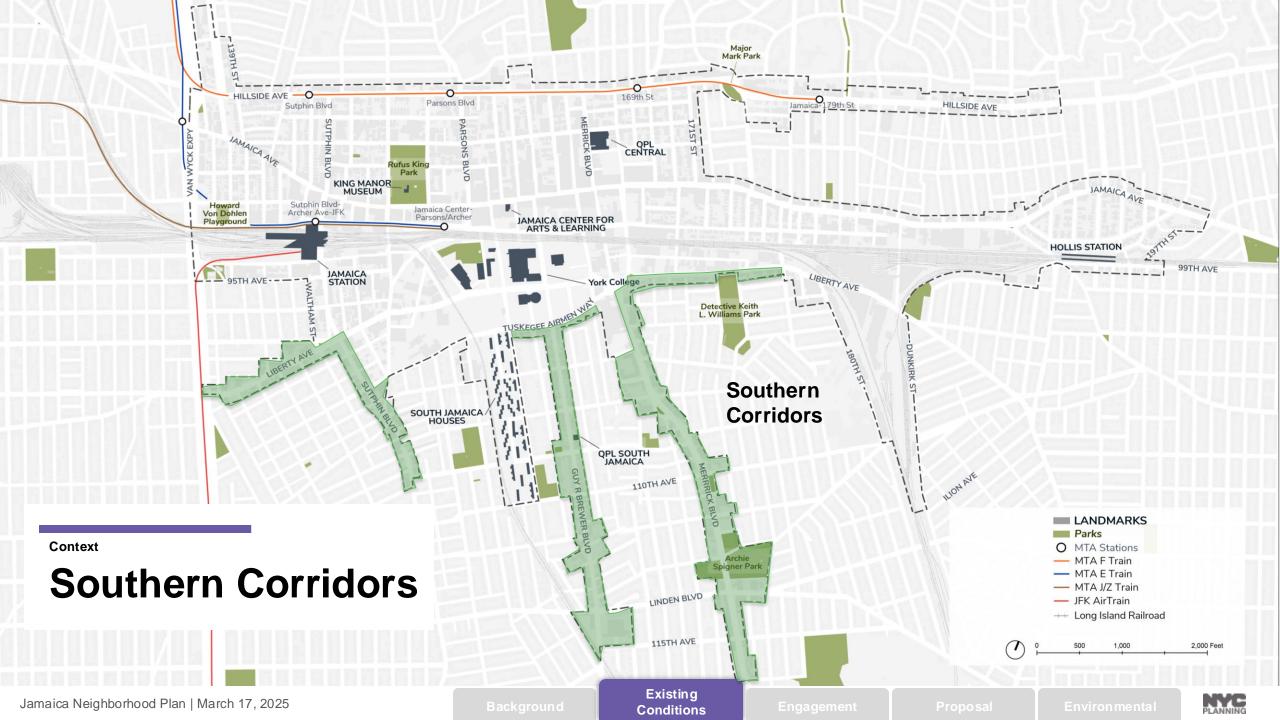
South Core



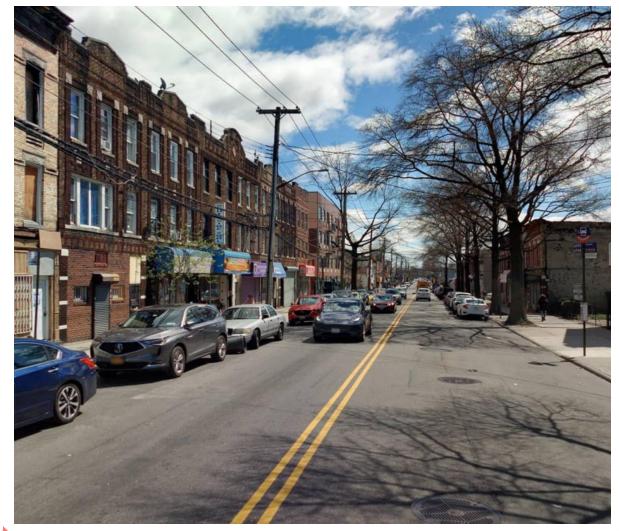




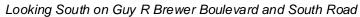




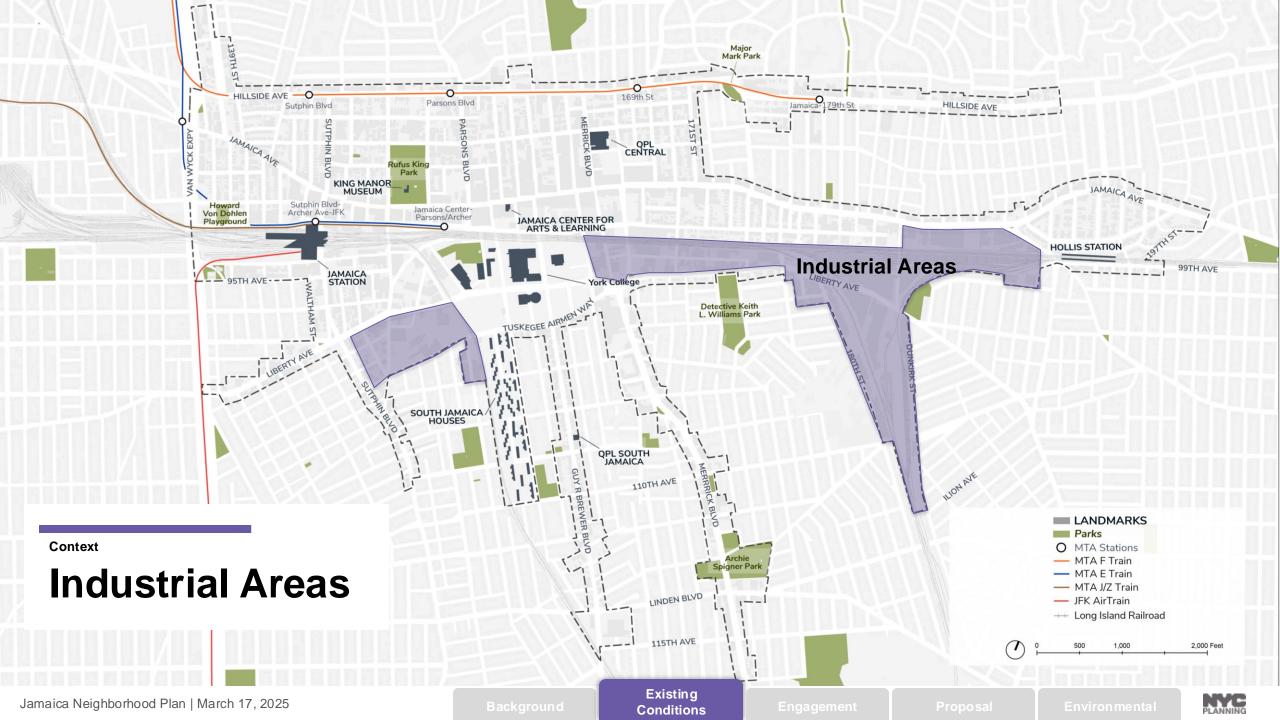
Southern Corridors



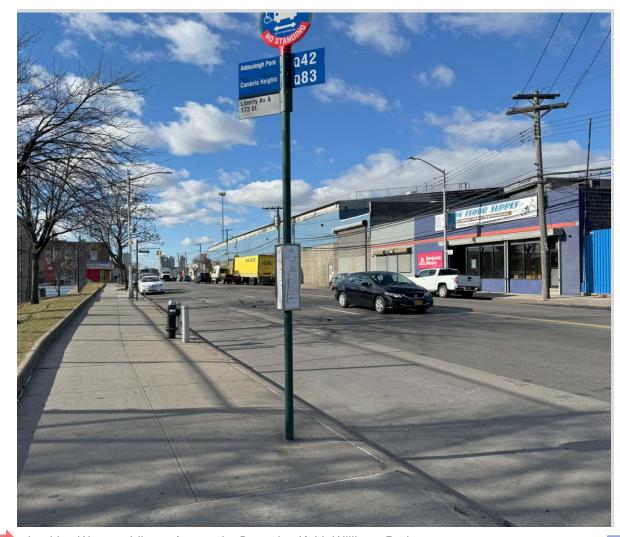




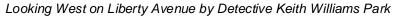


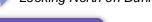


Industrial Areas









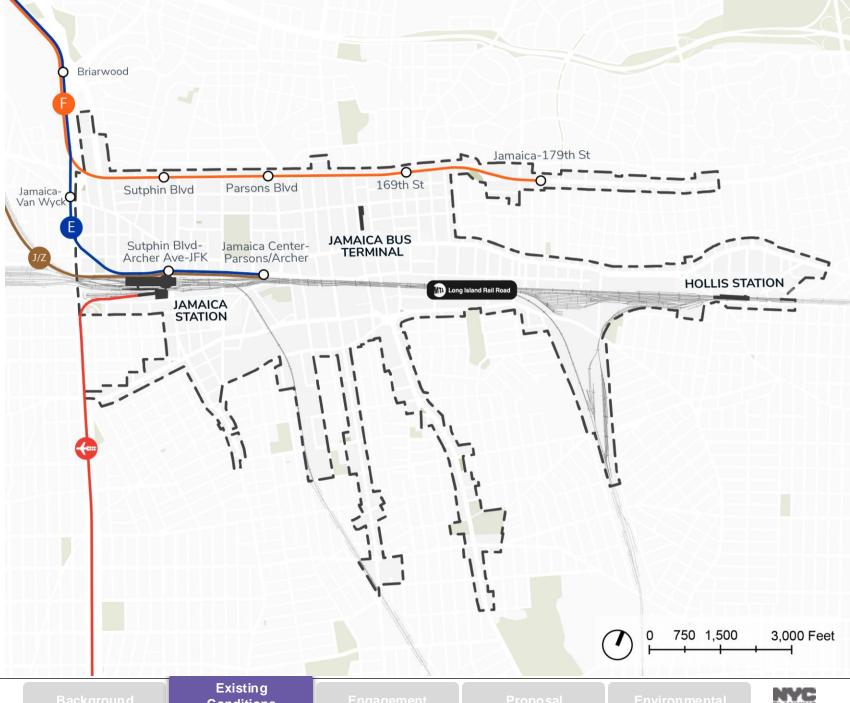
Transit Hub

With four train lines, the LIRR, Airtrain to JFK and over 40 bus lines, Jamaica provides daily transportation to thousands of commuters.









Existing Conditions

Housing Production & Population Growth

- From 2010 to 2020, Jamaica's population has increased by **13.4%**, higher than the rest of NYC, which grew by 7.7%.
- Queens Vacancy rate is 0.88% while citywide vacancy rate is 1.4%
- Meanwhile from 2010 to 2020 housing production has only increased by 10.1%
- 57% of renter households in Jamaica are rent-burdened.



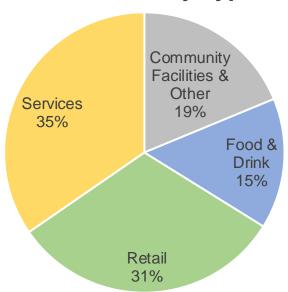


Existing Conditions

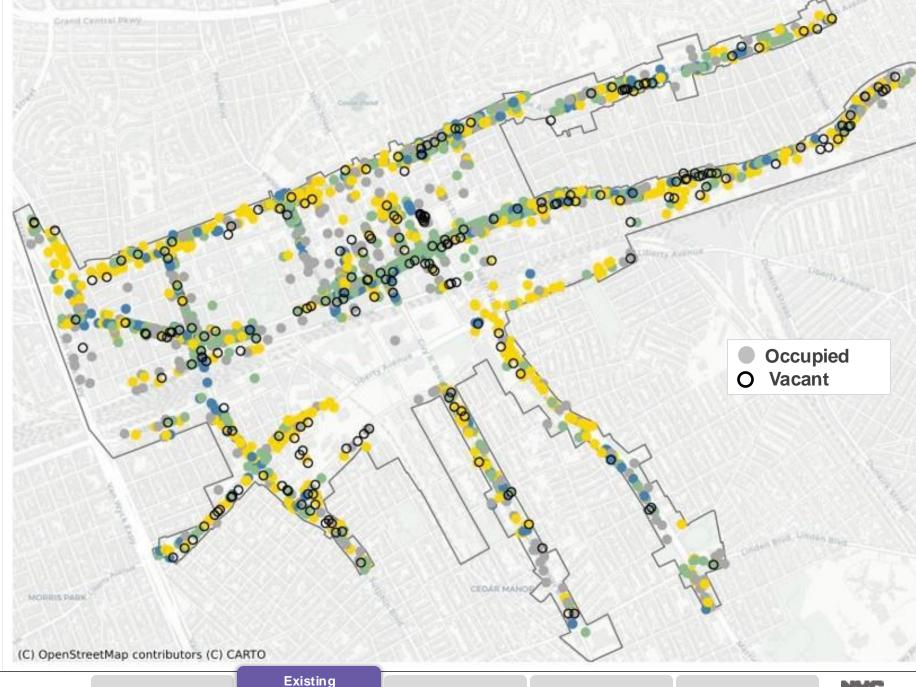
Commercial Center

2,360 Storefronts240 vacant (10%)8% QN | 12% NYC

Storefronts by Type



Source: Live XYZ Snapshot retrieved on October 20, 2023 (rounded).

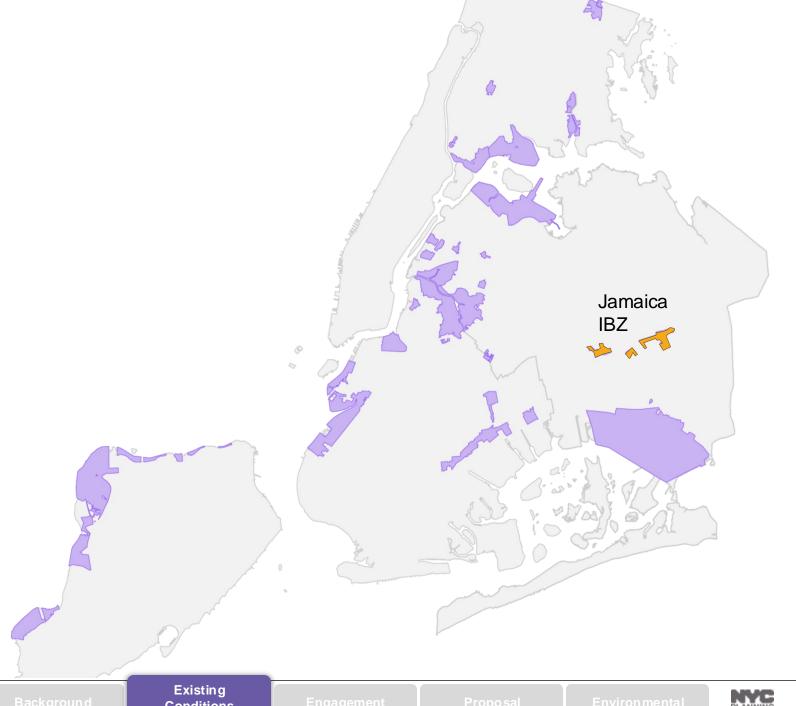


Industrial Areas

There are 21 Industrial Business Zones currently located throughout Queens, Brooklyn, the Bronx, and Staten Island

Types of Industrial Include:

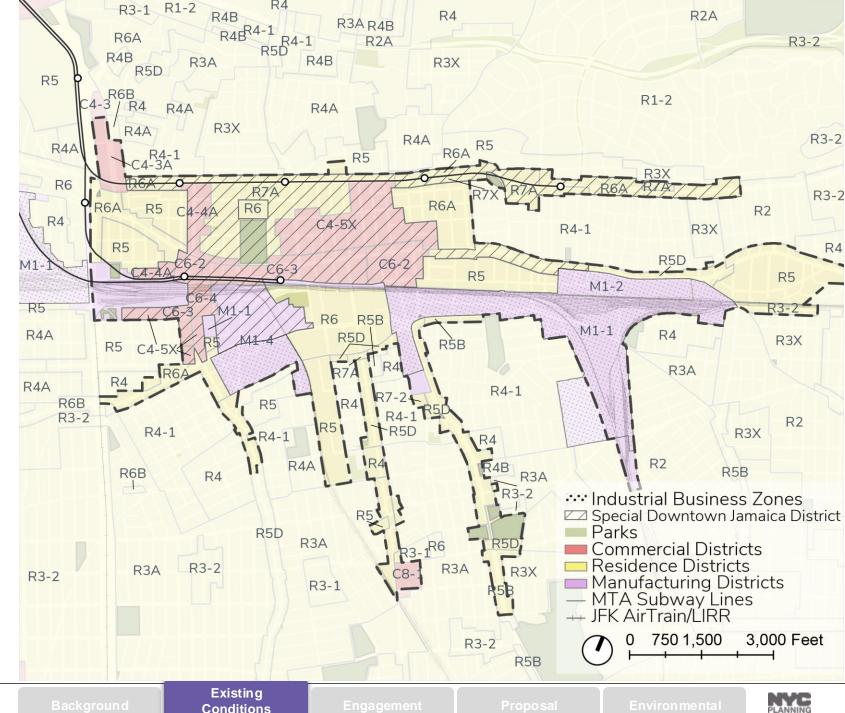
- Transportation & Warehousing
- Wholesale Trade
- Manfacturing
- Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services
- Construction
- Accommodation and Food Services
- Other services (except public administration)
- Retail





Existing Zoning

- Does not include requirement for affordable housing,
- Restricts spaces for industrial options and growth
- Limits potential for Jamaica to continue to thrive as a place where people can live, work and play





Planning Process











Planning Partners

Steering Committee

A Better Jamaica

Addisleigh Park Civic Association

All Nations Apostolic Tabernacle

Allen Community Senior Citizens Center

American Recycling Management

Assemblyman David Weprin

Assemblywoman Alicia Hyndman

Assemblywoman Vivian Cook

Calvary Baptist Church

Chhaya Community Development Corporation

Commercial Rentals LLC

Community Board 12, Queens

Community Education Council District 28

Concerned Citizens of Downtown Jamaica

Congressman Gregory Meeks

Council Member James Gennaro

Council Member Linda Lee

Council Member Nantasha Williams

CUNY York College

BHALO

District Leader AD33b

Downtown Jamaica Partnership

First Presbyterian Church of Jamaica

Foundation Church Bethel Gospel Tabernacle

Greater Allen AME Cathedral

Greater Jamaica Development Corporation

Haitian Americans United for Progress, INC (HAUP)

Islamic Circle of North America

Jamaica Center for Arts & Learning

Jamaica Community Partnership

Jamaica Muslim Center

Jamaica YMCA

King Manor Museum

Morning Star Missionary Baptist Church

National Council of Negro Women (NCNW)

Neighborhood Housing Services of Jamaica

New Greater Bethel Ministries

New Jerusalem Worship Center

NYC DOE School District 28

NYCHA South Jamaica Houses Tenant Association

NYPD Forensic Investigations Division

Queens Borough President Donovan Richards

Public Health Solutions

Rincon Salvadoreno

Rosco Inc.

Speaker Adrienne Adams

Shiloh Baptist Church of Jamaica

First Reformed Church of Jamaica

Southern Queens Park Association

St. Albans Congregational Church

SUNY Queens Educational

Opportunity Center

Tabernacle of Prayer for All

Thomas White Jr. Foundation

Executive Committee

Congressman Gregory Meeks

Senator Leroy Comrie

Senator James Sanders

Senator Toby Ann Stavisky

Queens Borough President Donovan Richards

Assemblywoman Vivian Cook

Assemblywoman Alicia Hyndman

Assemblyman David Weprin

Council Member Nantasha Williams

Speaker Adrienne Adams

Council Member James Gennaro

Council Member Linda Lee

City Agencies



















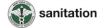
















Engagement

Engagement Summary

38 Public Meetings 52 Steering Committee Members

~3,000 Comments ~12,500 Website Visits

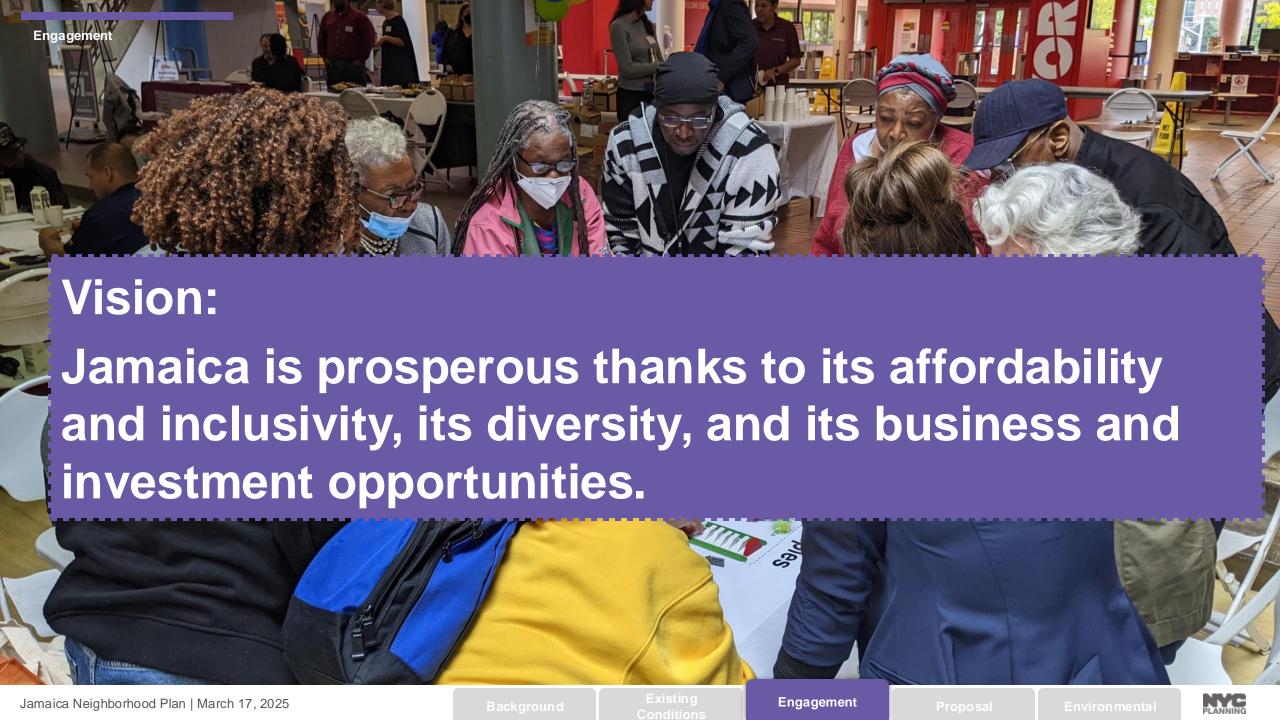








Engagement



Goals

The plan can help achieve these goals through zoning updates, neighborhood investments and policy changes

- Improve quality of life in the neighborhood for current & future residents
- Foster a thriving local economy & help residents prosper
- Create a climateresilient & environmentally just Jamaica

Achieve equitable health & safety outcomes for current & future residents

Maintain cultural diversity & nurture inclusivity in Jamaica

Preserve & bolster Jamaica's rich multicultural history

6

5

Voice to Vision

A community co-designed online tool that visualizes feedback gathered throughout the engagement process, helping community members identify key themes and see how their input shaped the proposal.







Engagement





Zoning Framework Strategies

The framework aims to reach the objectives through different zoning tool approaches including:



Permanent incomerestricted affordable housing Require Mandatory Inclusionary Housing (MIH)



Neighborhood character and scale

Respond to elements of existing neighborhood character and scale with urban design controls such as street wall rules



Transit-oriented growth

Encourage moderate density on bus and subway corridors



Industrial

Maintain existing industrial areas while fostering the creation of industrial and commercial uses suitable near residential areas



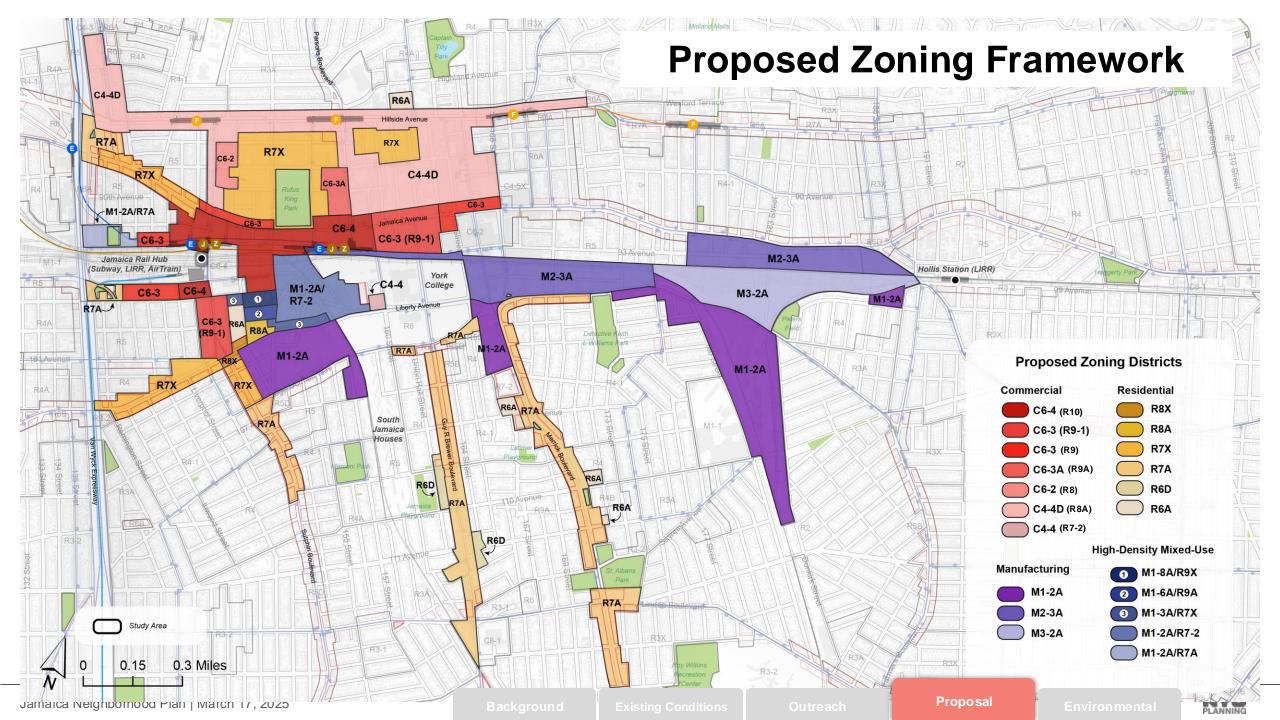
Active ground floor uses

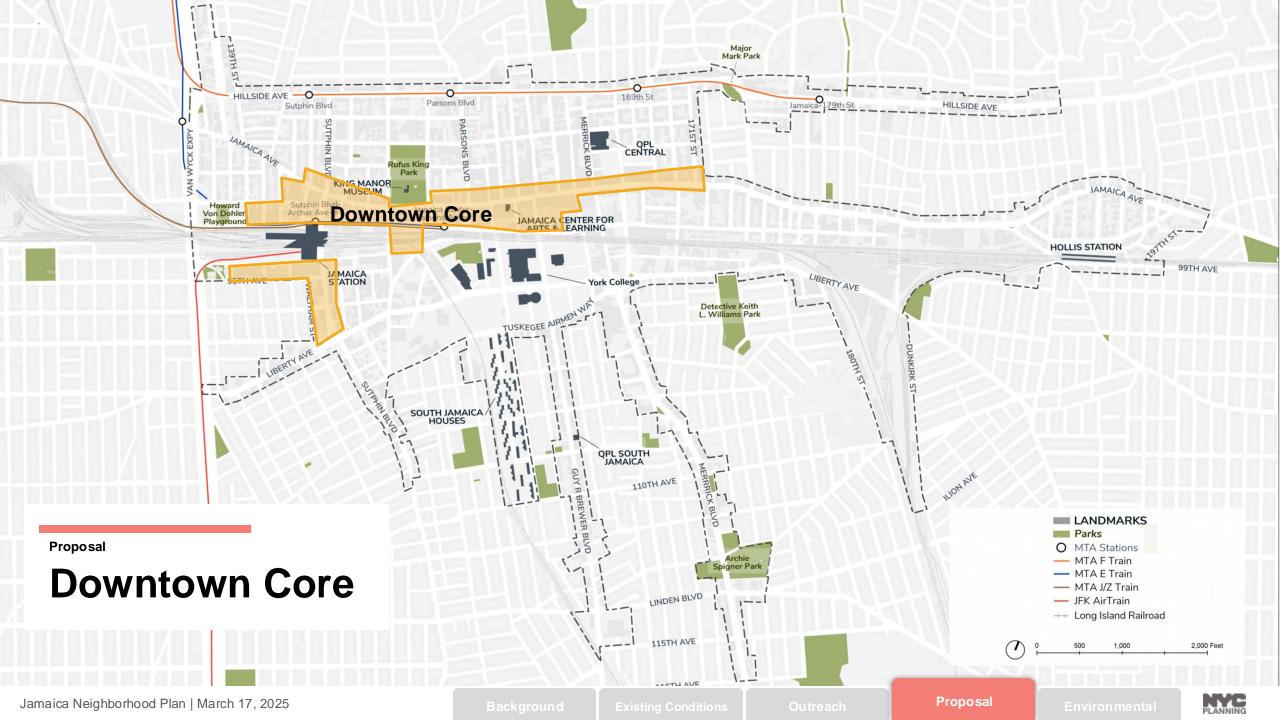
Require active ground floor uses to support job growth and community supporting uses

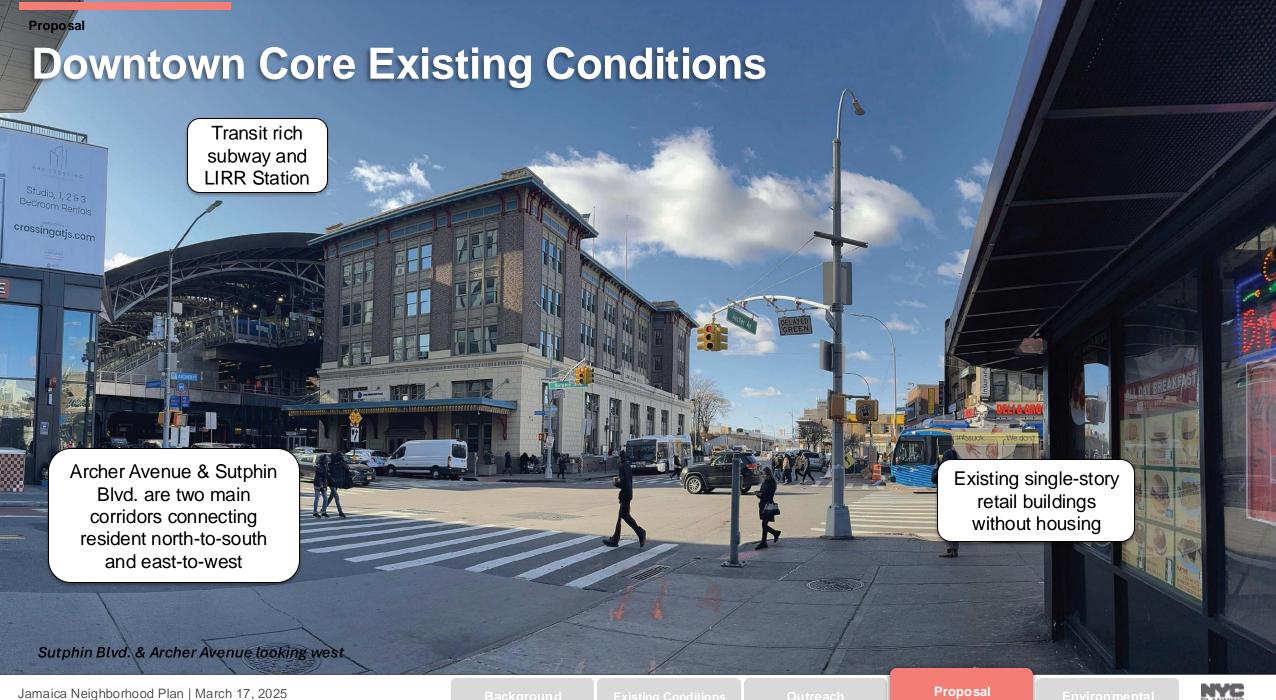


Streetscape

Expand non-zoning tools for improvements to the streetscape for safety and stormwater management









Downtown Core Zoning Proposal

Existing Zoning:

C6-4, C6-3, C6-2, C4-5X, C4-4A with Downtown Jamaica District rules

Proposed Zoning:

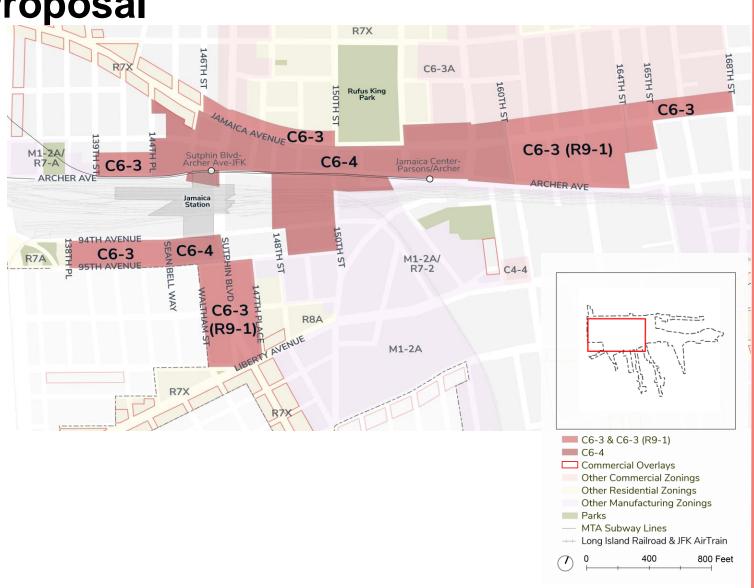
C6-4, C6-3, C6-3/R9-1, C6-3A

 The Jamaica neighborhood study will be mapping MIH across the study area, therefore Residential FAR's are reflective of this

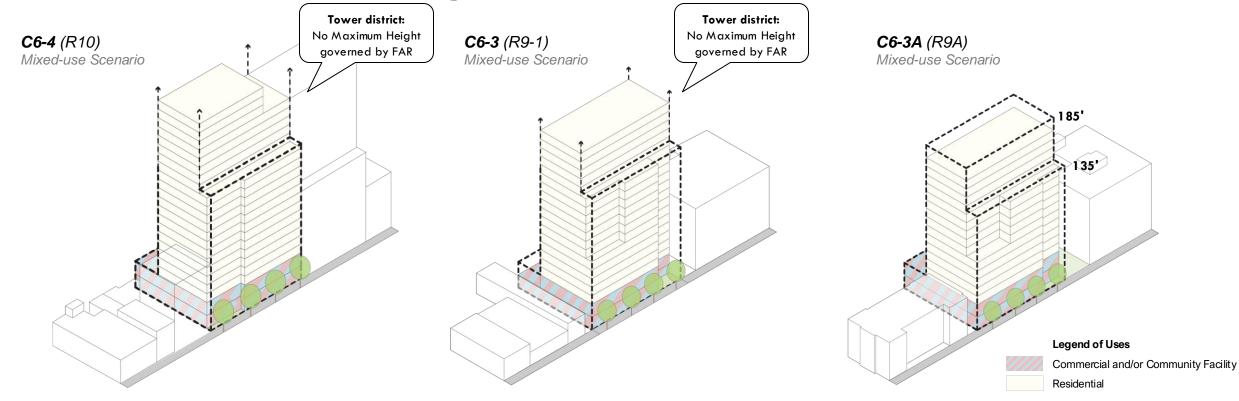
All Residential FAR's reflective of MIH

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Zoning District	Max. Residential FAR	Max. Commercial FAR	Max. Community Facility FAR	Max. Manufacturing FAR
C6-4	12.0	12.0	10.0	n/a
C6-3	10.8	8.0	10.0	n/a
C6-3A	9.02	6.0	7.5	n/a



Downtown Core Zoning Proposal

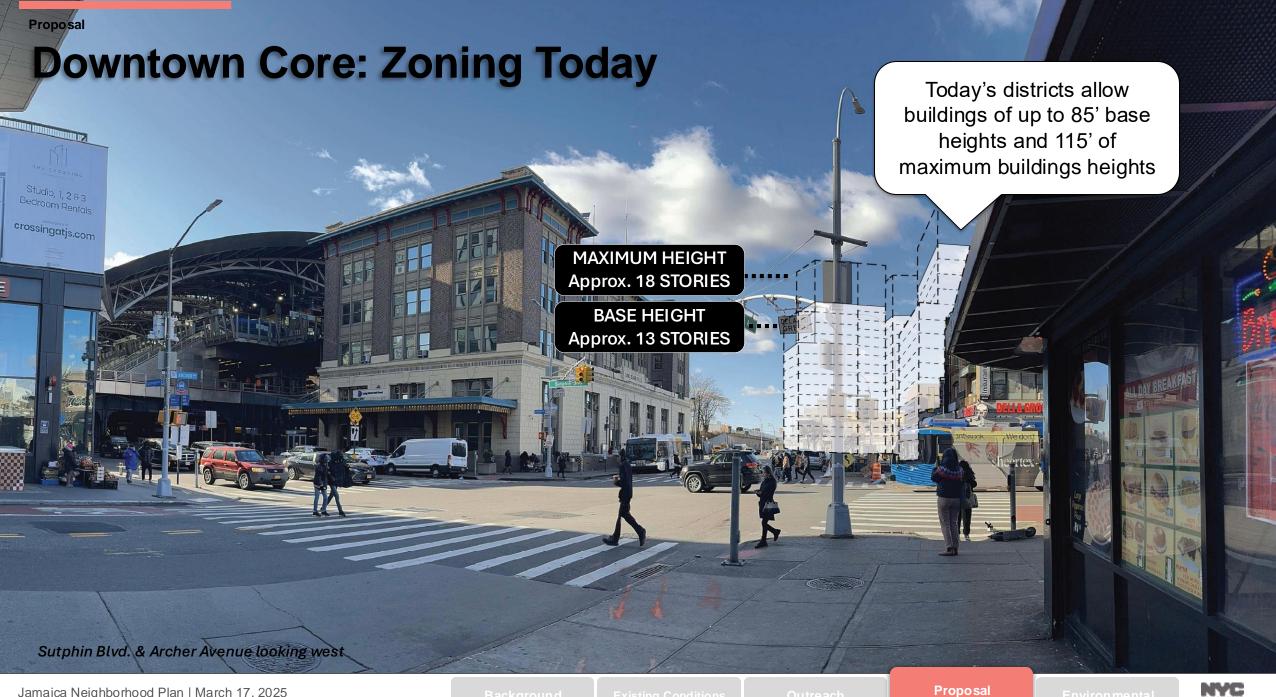


All Residential FAR's reflective of MIH

Jamaica Neighborhood Plan | March 17, 2025

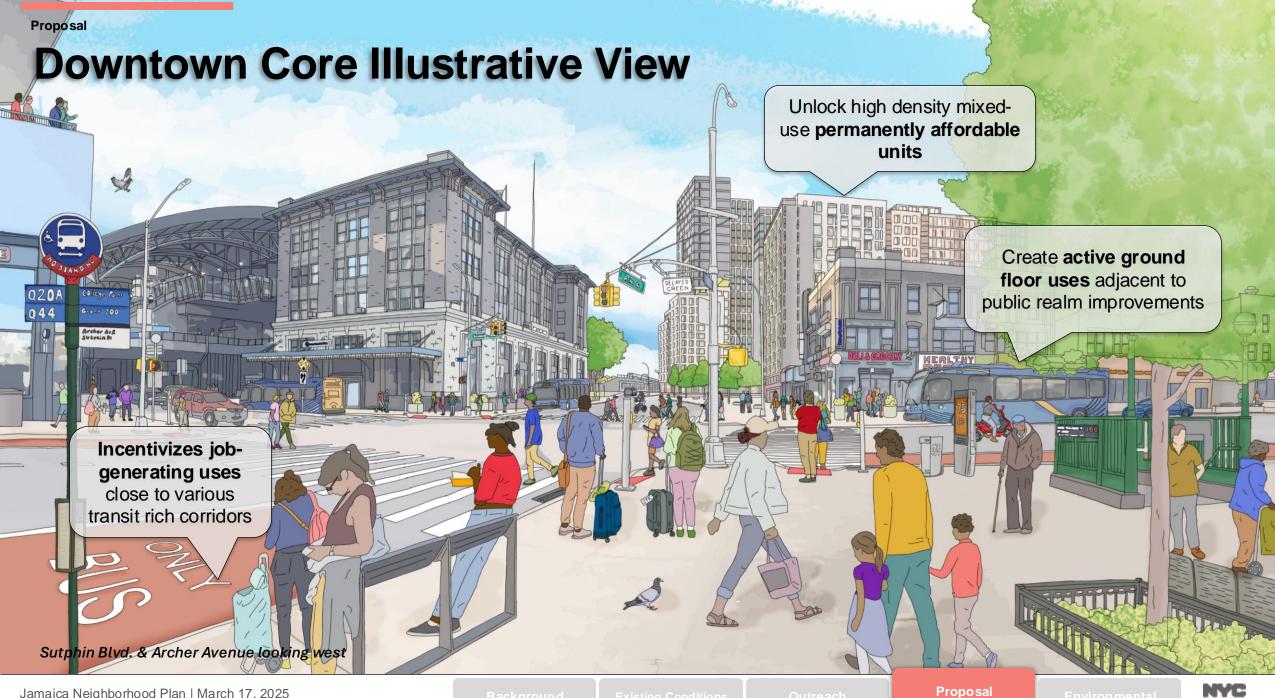
Zoning District	Max. Residential FAR	Max. Commercial FAR	Max. Community Facility FAR	Max. Manufacturing FAR
C6-4	12.0	12.0	10.0	n/a
C6-3	10.8	8.0	10.0	n/a
C6-3A	9.02	6.0	7.5	n/a

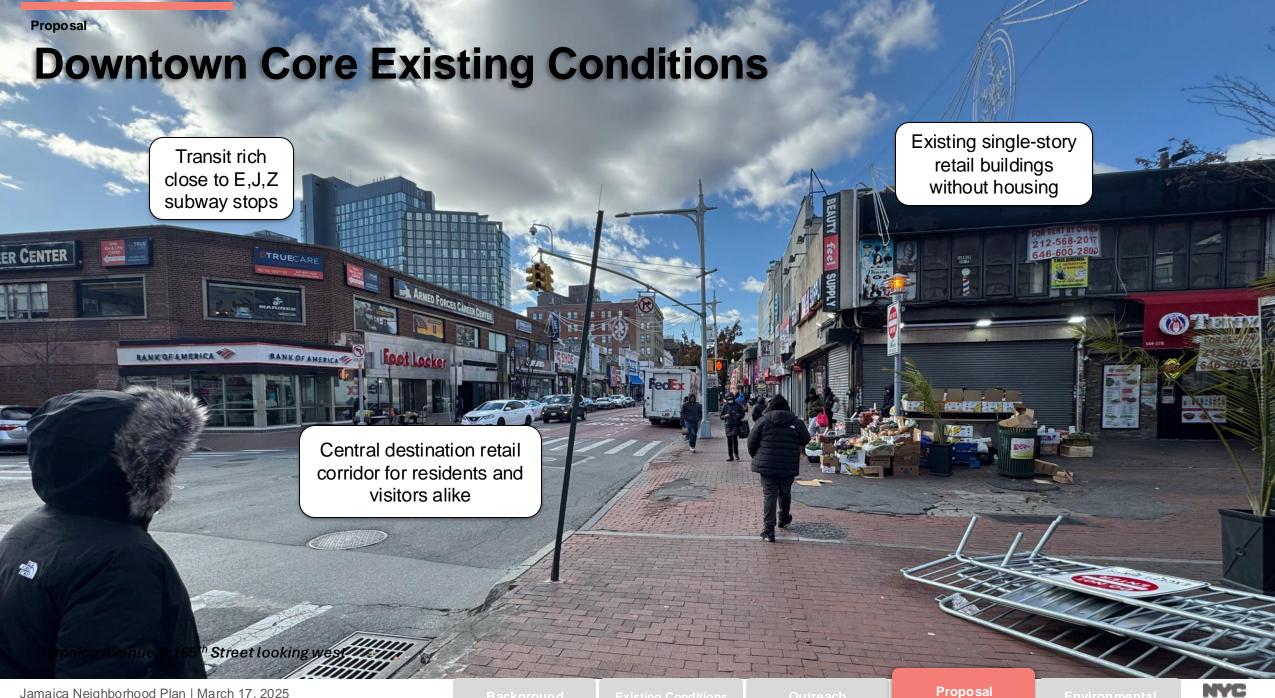
- Downtown Core district proposals have equivalent bulk regulations of R10, R9, R9X –
 creating contextual quality housing, producing taller buildings that have broader abilities to
 have building street wall setbacks and articulation
- These districts allow for a mix of residential uses and higher commercial and/or community facility uses along the ground levels, activating sidewalk activity



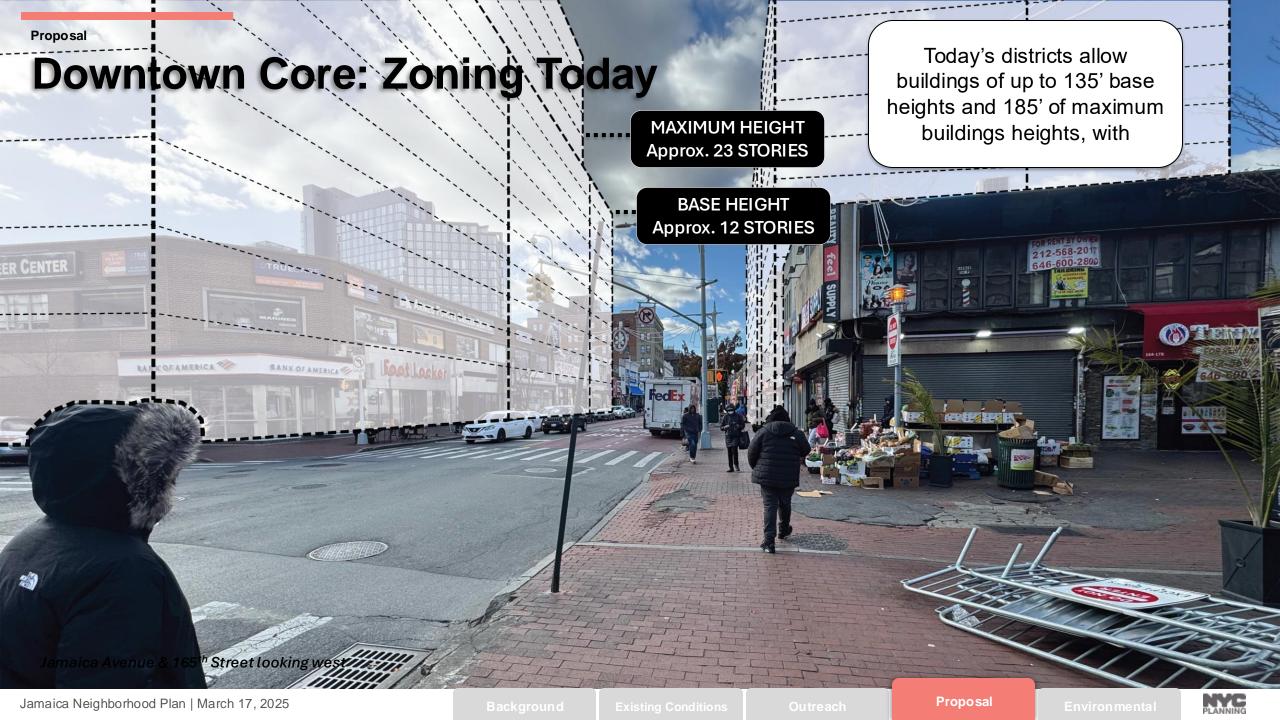


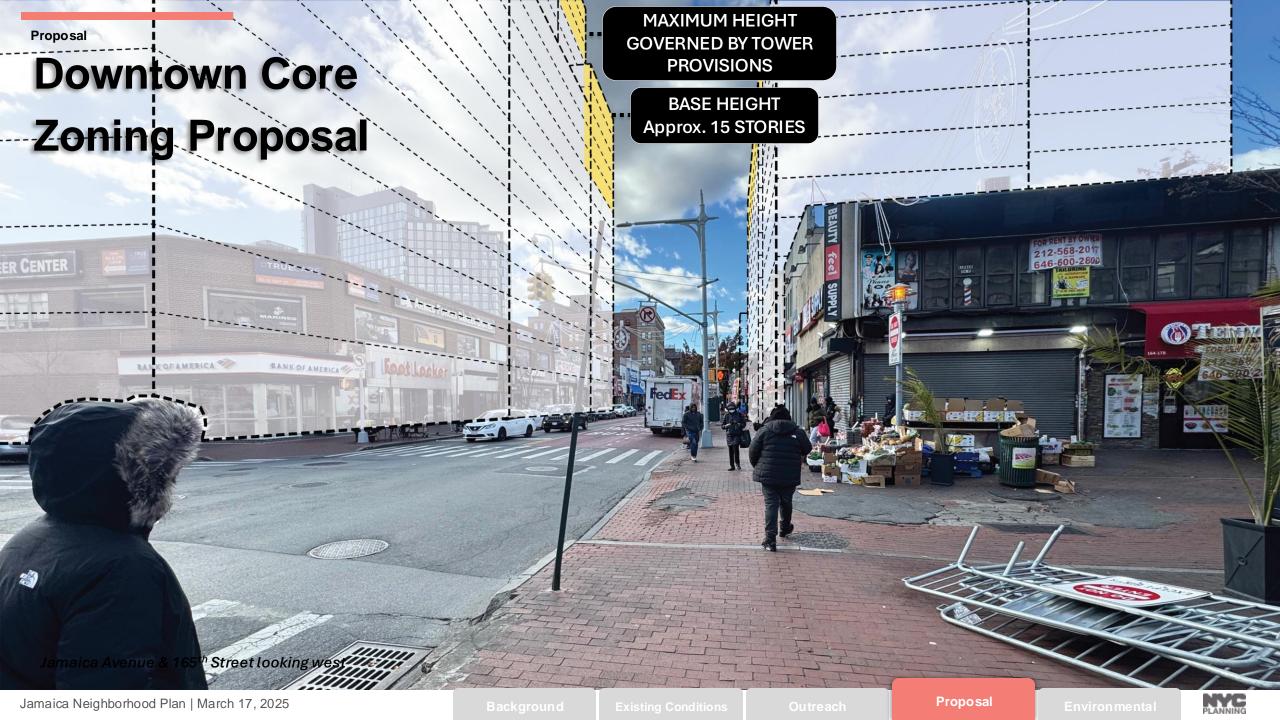




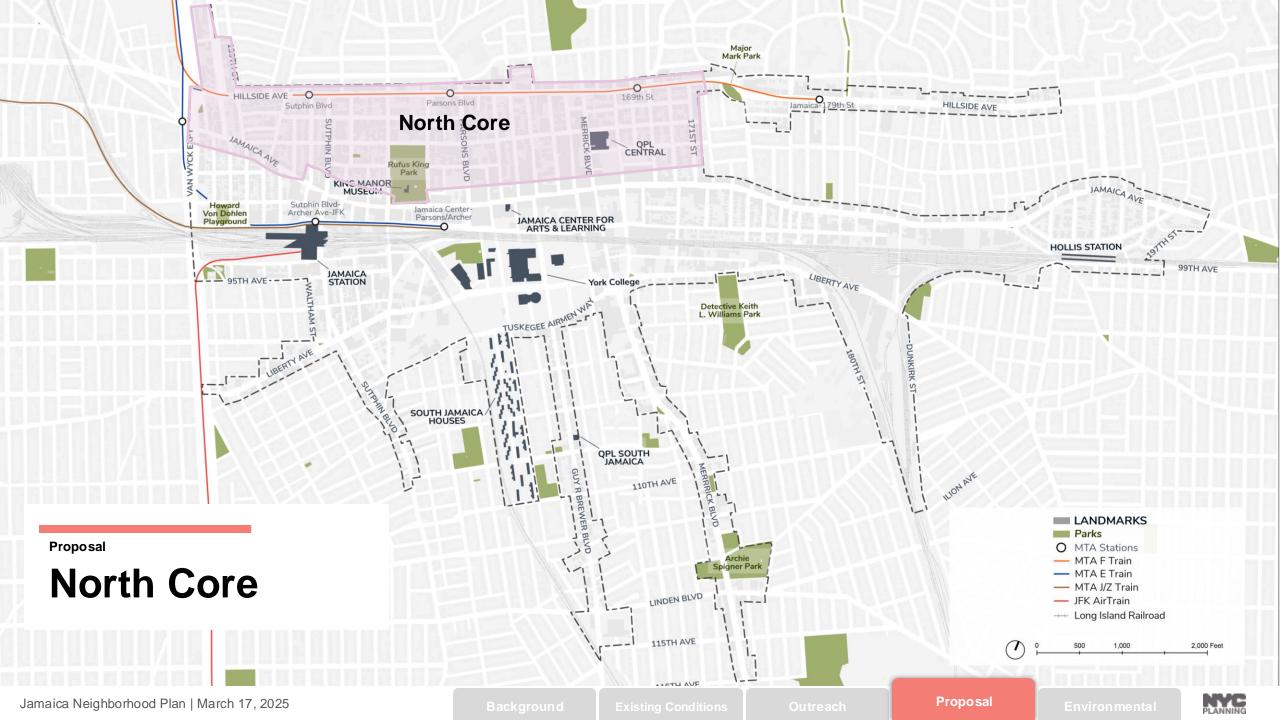


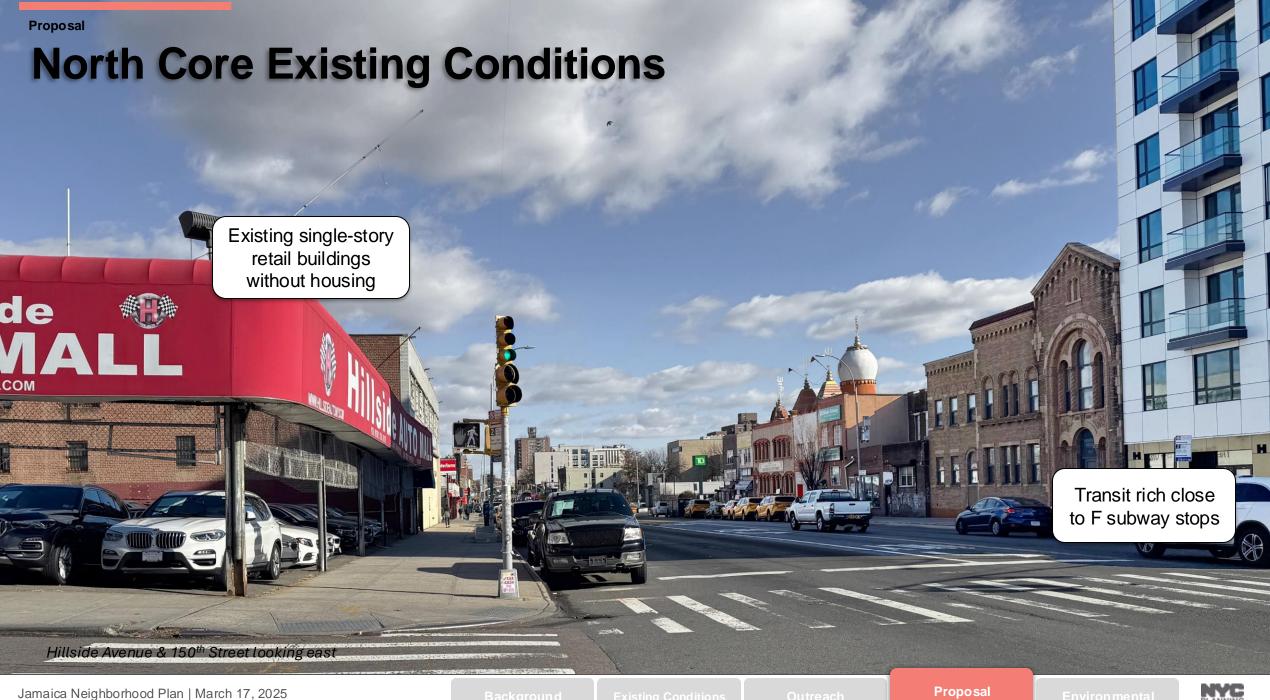














North Core Zoning Proposal

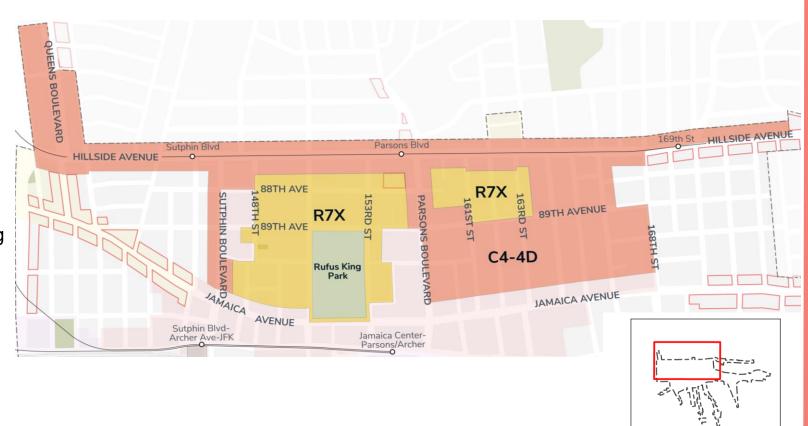
Existing Zoning:

R7A, C4-4A, C4-5X, C6-2, C6-3 with Downtown Jamaica District rules

Proposed Zoning:

R7X, C4-4D

 The Jamaica neighborhood study will be mapping MIH across the study area, therefore Residential FAR's are reflective of this



All Residential FAR's reflective of MIH

Zoning District	Max. Residential FAR	Max. Commercial FAR	Max. Community Facility FAR	Max. Manufacturing FAR
R7X	6.0	0.0	5.0	n/a
C4-4D	7.2	3.4	6.5	n/a

Aligns with city of Yes: Housing Opportunity



0.2 Miles

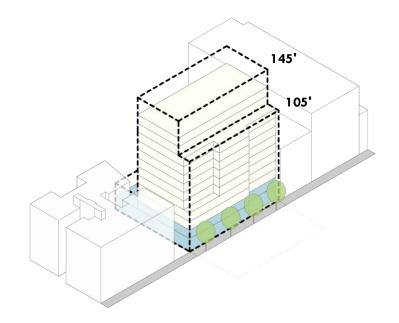
R7X C4-4D

Commercial Overlays
Other Commercial Zonings
Other Residential Zonings
Other Manufacturing Zonings

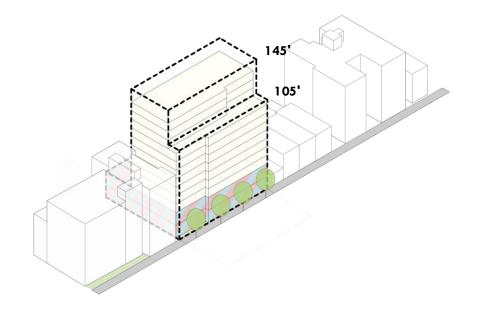
MTA Subway Lines

North Core Zoning Proposal

R7X
Residential/Community Facility Uses



C4-4D
Mixed-use Scenario

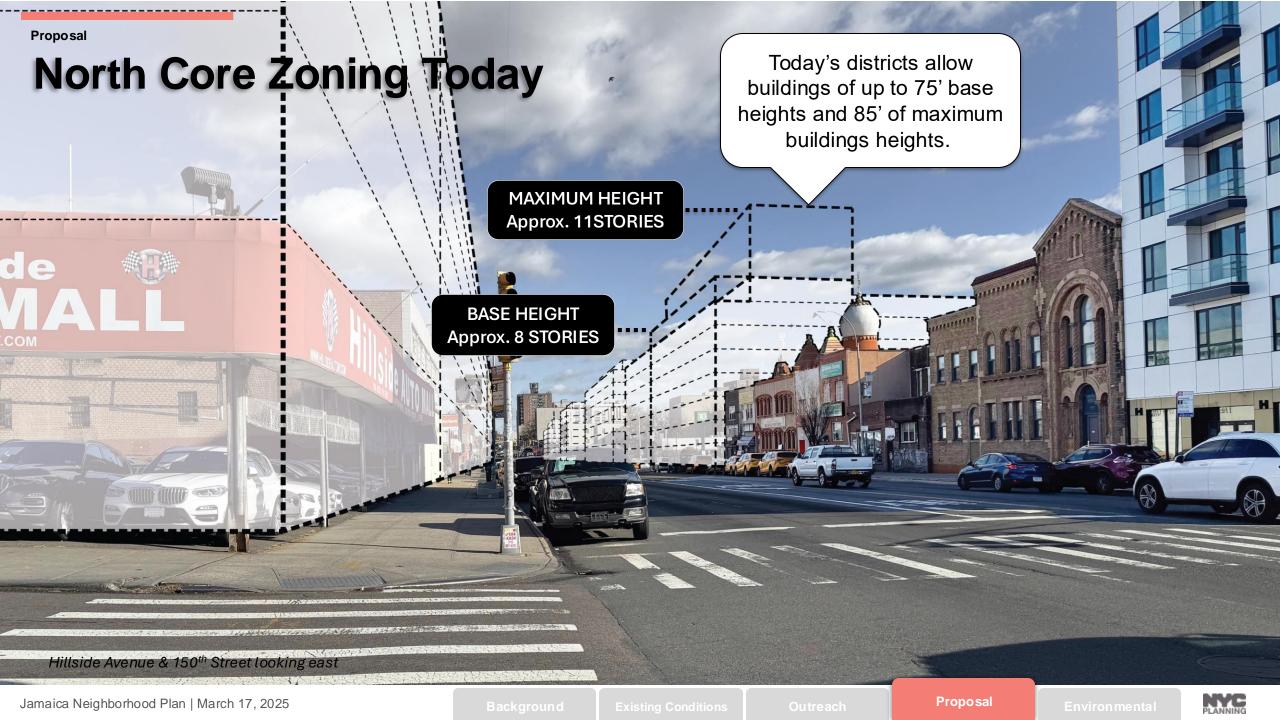


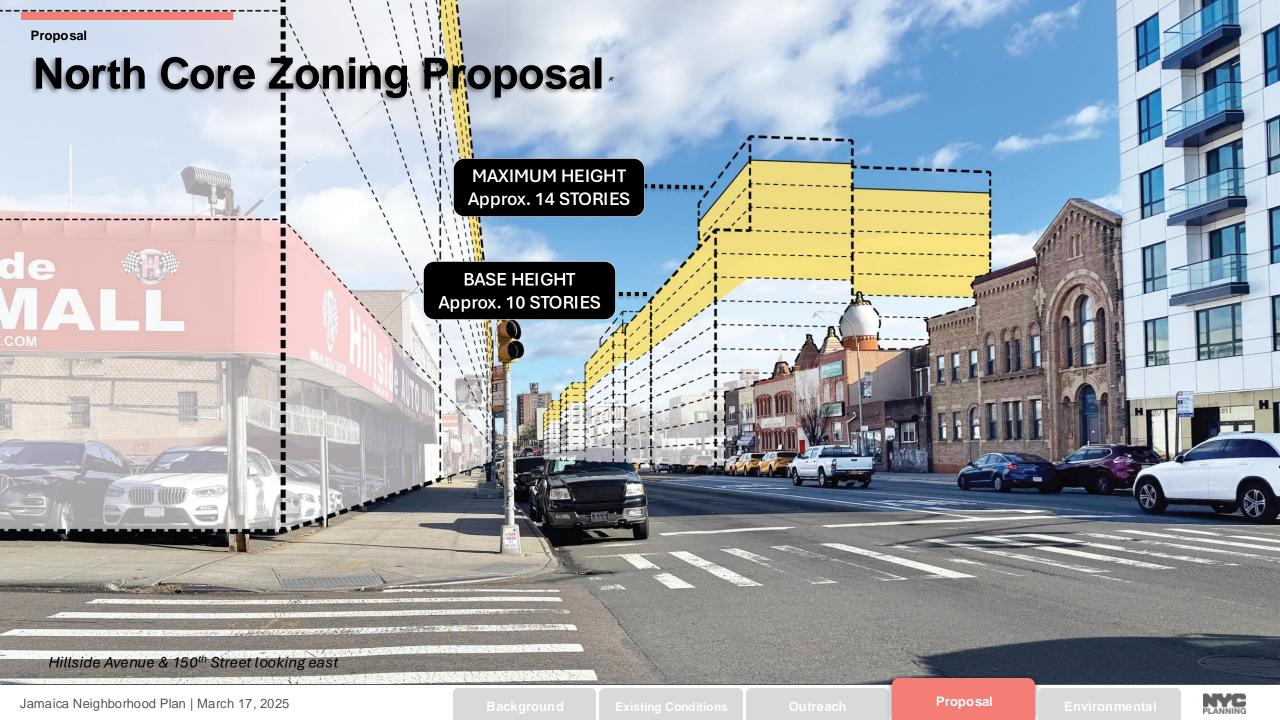
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All Residential FAR's reflective of MIH

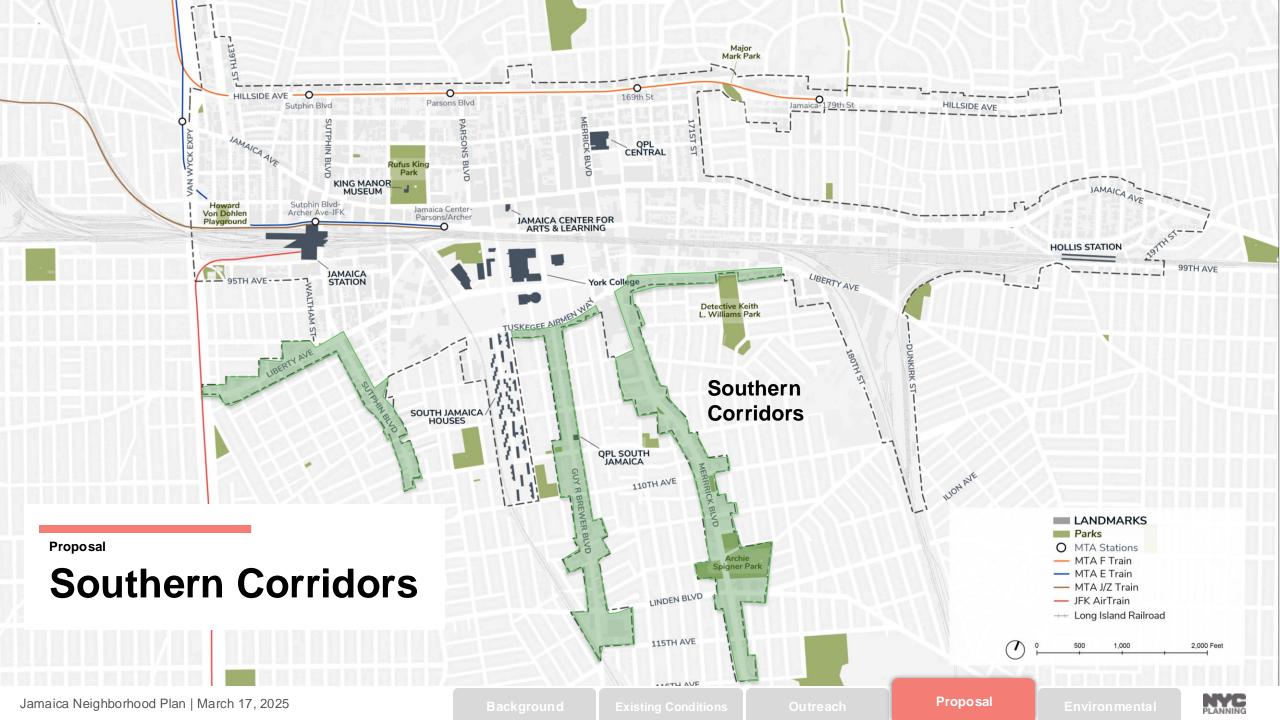
Zoning District	Max. Residential FAR	Max. Commercial FAR	Max. Community Facility FAR	Max. Manufacturing FAR
R7X	6.0	0.0	5.0	n/a
C4-4D	7.2	3.4	6.5	n/a

- The north core approach to districts allows for flexibility of affordable housing that prioritizes the ability for community-based uses to expand surrounding Rufus King Park and other civic institutional buildings
- In addition, adjacent to major pedestrian corridors is an approach to districts that will allow flexible affordable housing and a mix of commercial and community-serving uses









Southern Corridors





Southern Corridors Zoning Proposal

Existing Zoning:

R4/C1-2, R5/C2-4, R6/C2-4, R7-2

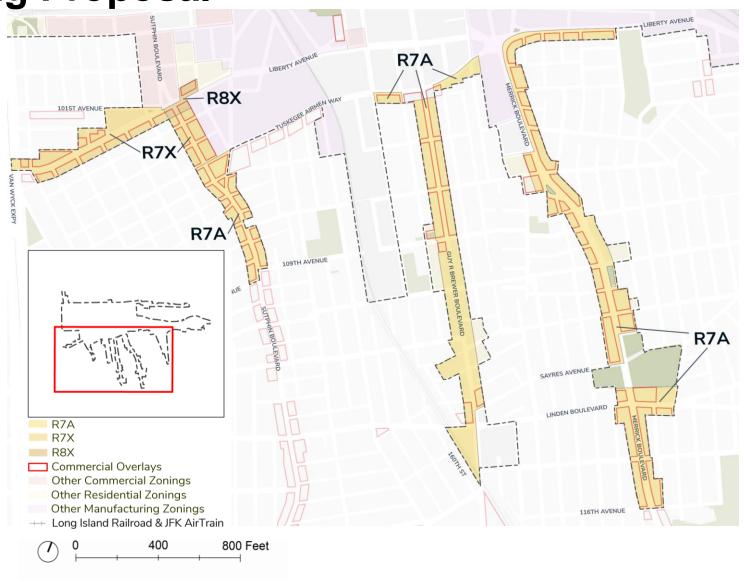
Proposed Zoning:

R6A, R7A, R7X, R8A, R8X, C2-4 overlay, R₆D

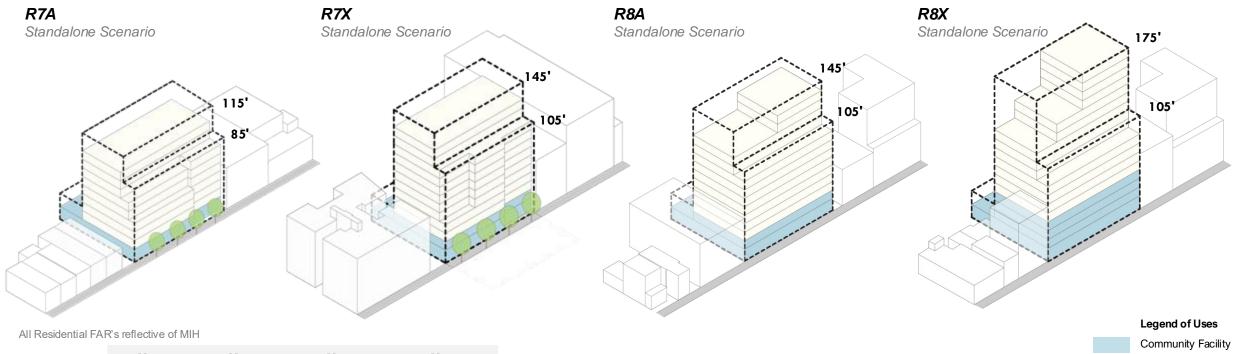
The Jamaica neighborhood study will be mapping MIH across the study area, therefore Residential FAR's are reflective of this

All Residential FAR's reflective of MIH

Zoning District	Max. Residential FAR	Max. Commercial FAR	Max. Community Facility FAR	Max. Manufacturing FAR
R7A	5.01		4.0	n/a
R7X	6.0		5.0	n/a
R8A	7.2		6.5	n/a
R8X	7.2		6.0	n/a
C2-4 overlay	n/a	2.0	n/a	n/a



Southern Corridors Zoning Proposal



Zoning District	Max. Residential FAR	Max. Commercial FAR	Max. Community Facility FAR	Max. Manufacturing FAR
R7A	5.01		4.0	n/a
R7X	6.0		5.0	n/a
R8A	7.2		6.5	n/a
R8X	7.2		6.0	n/a
C2-4 overlay	n/a	2.0	n/a	n/a

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Aligns with city of Yes: Housing Opportunity

- The corridors approach to districts allows for flexibility of affordable housing that prioritizes the ability for community-based uses to expand
- C2-4 commercial overlay close to transit allows for the flexibility to accommodate commercial or community-serving uses

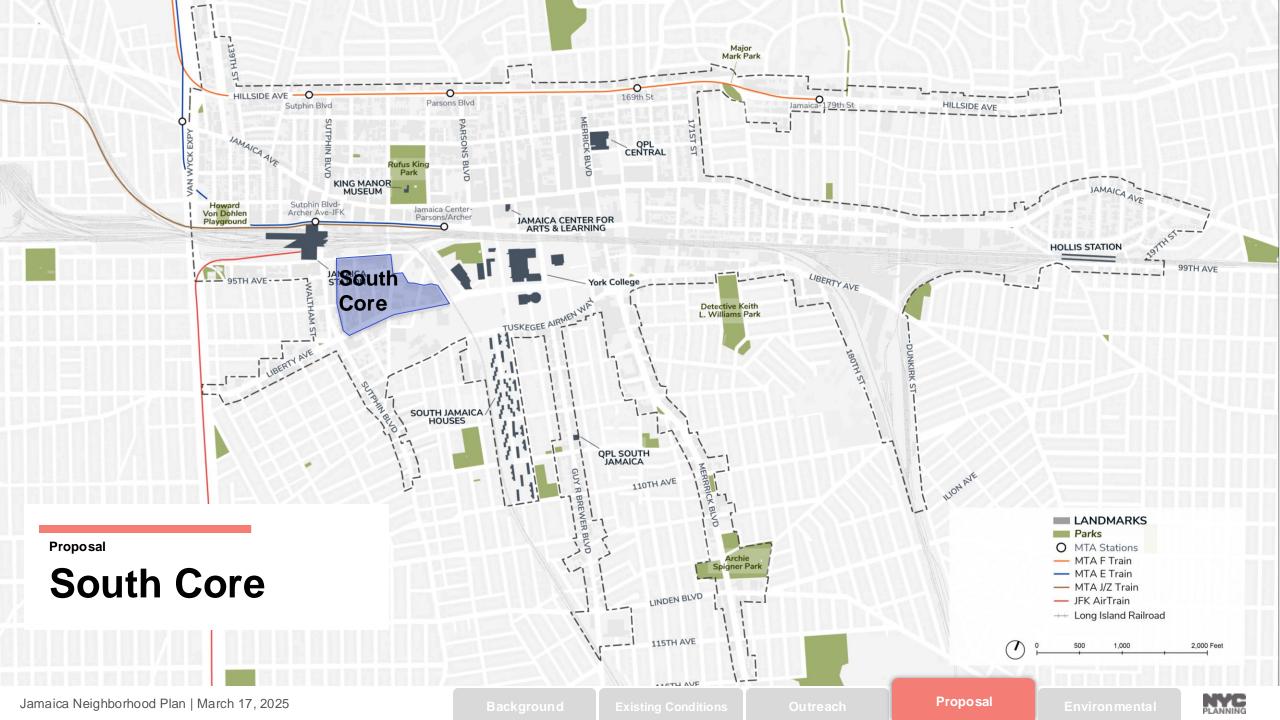
Residential











South Core Existing Conditions





Archer Avenue and 150th Street looking south

Paired Districts Zoning Proposal

Existing Zoning:

M1-1, M1-4, R5

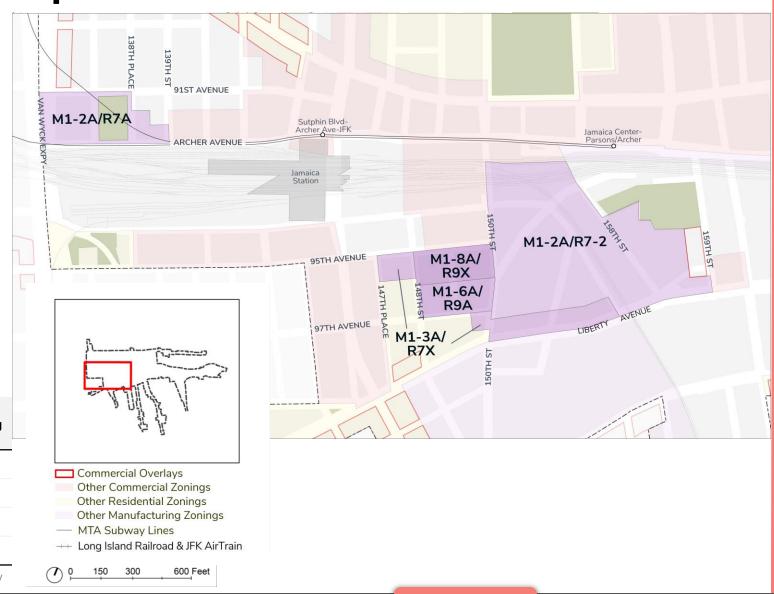
Proposed Zoning:

M1-2A/R7-2, M1-8A/R9X, M1-6A/R9A, M1-3A/R7X

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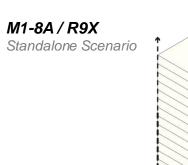
All Residential FAR's reflective of MIH

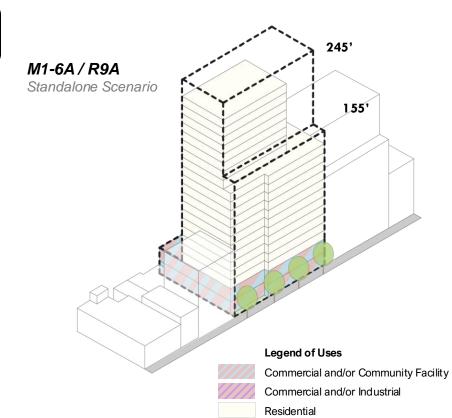
Zoning District	Max. Residential FAR	Max. Commercial FAR	Max. Community Facility FAR	Max. Manufacturing FAR
M1-2A R7-2	5.01	3.0	6.5	3.0
M1-8A R9X	10.8	12.0	12.0	12.0
M1-6A R9A	9.02	8.0	8.0	8.0
M1-3A R7X	6.0	4.0	4.0	4.0



Paired District Zoning Proposal

M1-2A/R7-2 Mixed-Use Scenario 125"





All Residential FAR's reflective of MIH

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Zoning District	Max. Residential FAR	Max. Commercial FAR	Max. Community Facility FAR	Max. Manufacturing FAR
M1-2A R7-2	5.01	3.0	6.5	3.0
M1-8A R9X	10.8	12.0	12.0	12.0
M1-6A R9A	9.02	8.0	8.0	8.0
M1-3A R7X	6.0	4.0	4.0	4.0

Aligns with city of Yes: Housing Opportunity

These paired districts will allow a flexibility of mixed-use residential and commercial/community facilities

Tower district: No Maximum Height

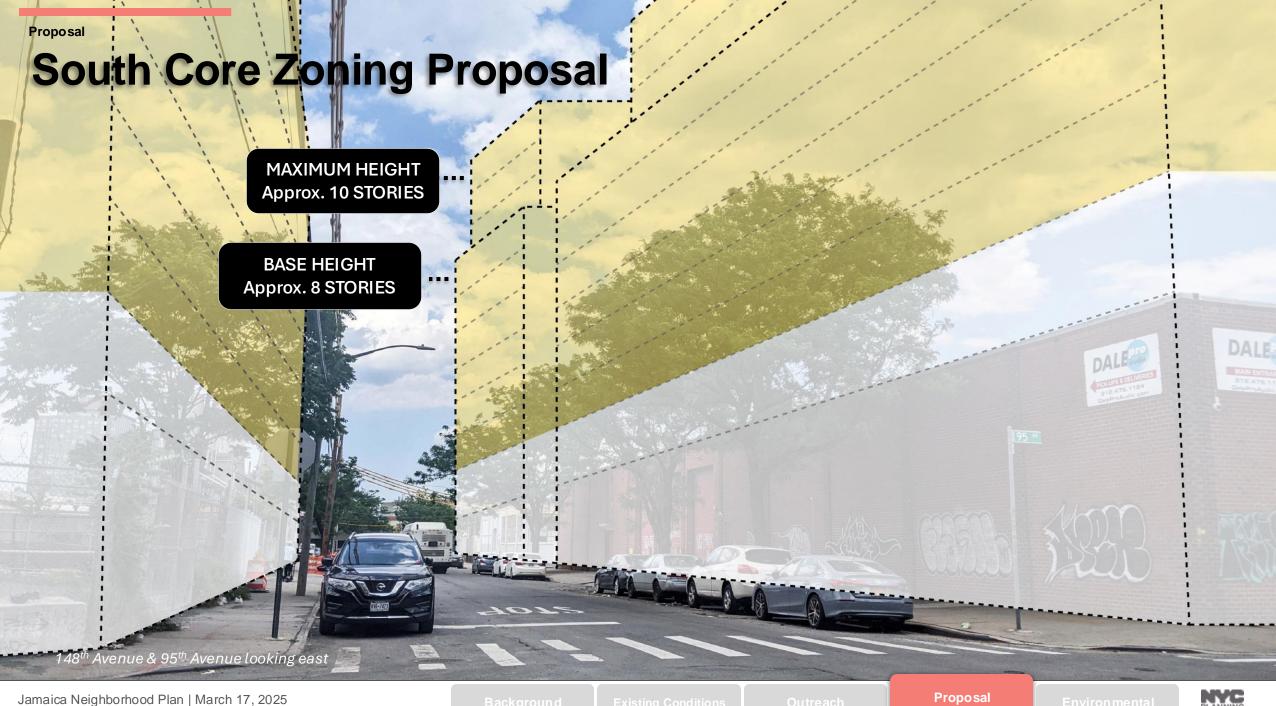
governed by FAR

155

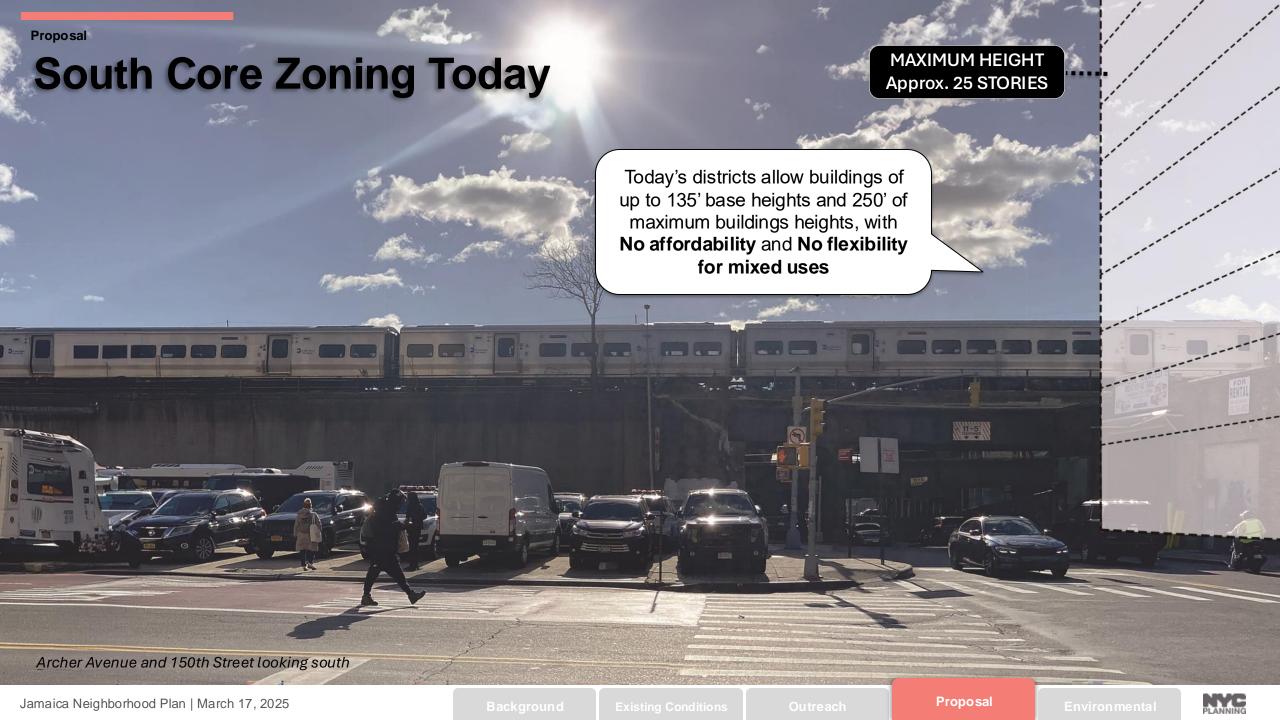
Light-manufacturing will incentivize a job generating, non-hazardous uses that can be paired with residential uses bringing residents closer to the places they live and work



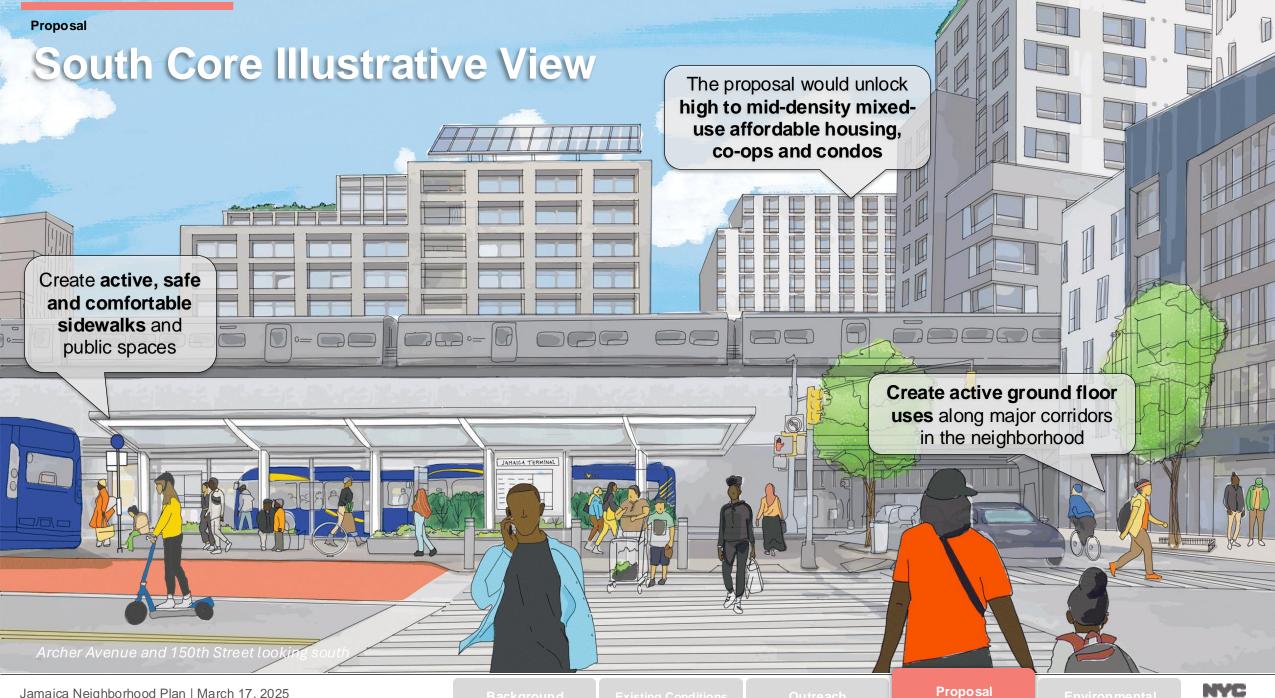




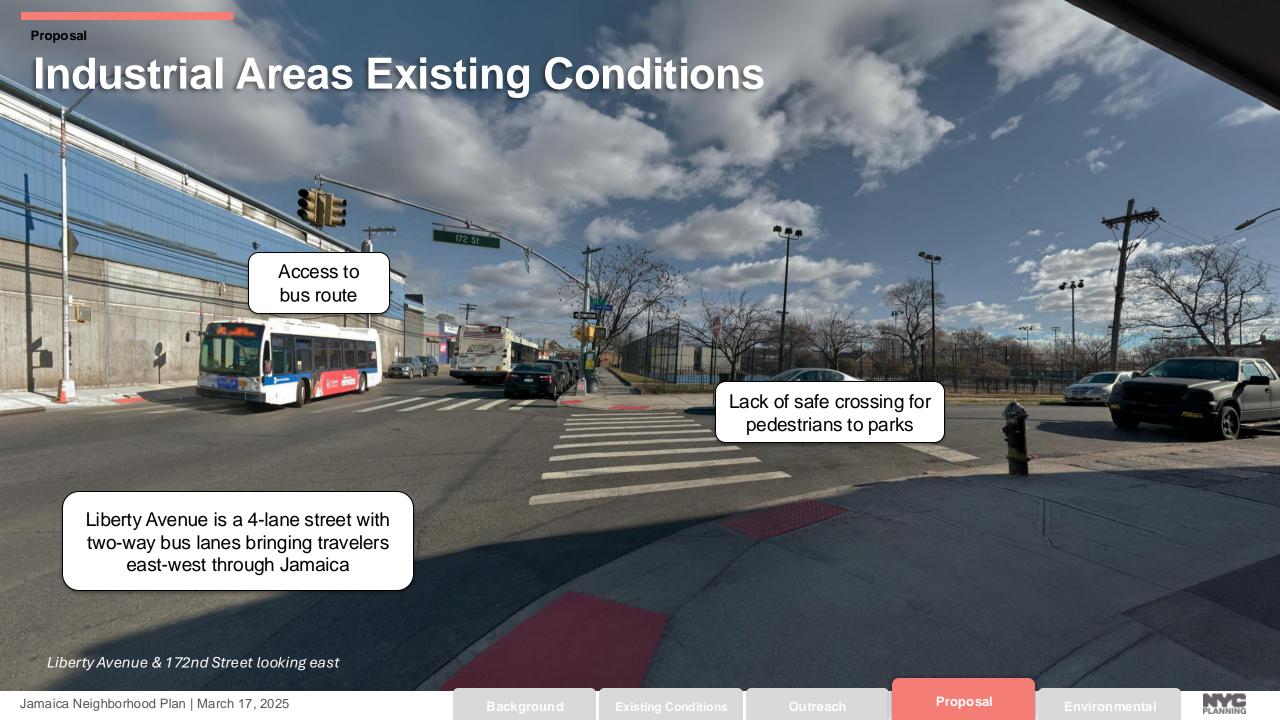












Industrial Areas Zoning Proposal

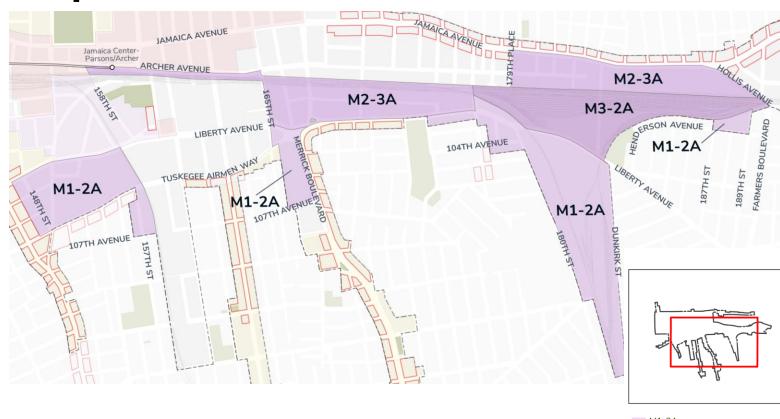
Existing Zoning:

M1-1, M1-2, M1-4

Proposed Zoning:

M1-2A, M2-3A, M3-2A

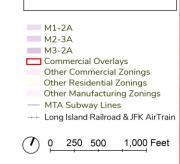
 The Jamaica neighborhood study is looking to bolster and preserve the Industrial Business Zones (IBZ's) to help support the grown and diversity of green jobs and growing industries in Jamaica



All Residential FAR's reflective of MIH

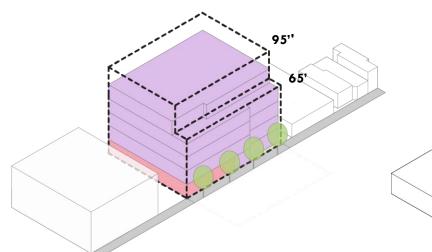
Zoning District	Max. Residential FAR	Max. Commercial FAR	Max. Community Facility FAR	Max. Manufacturing FAR
M1-2A	0.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
M2-3A	0.0	3.0	4.0	4.0
M3-2A	0.0	1.0	0.0	3.0

Aligns with city of Yes: Housing Opportunity

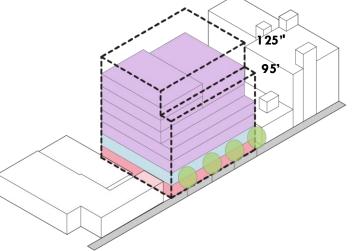


Industrial Areas Zoning Proposal

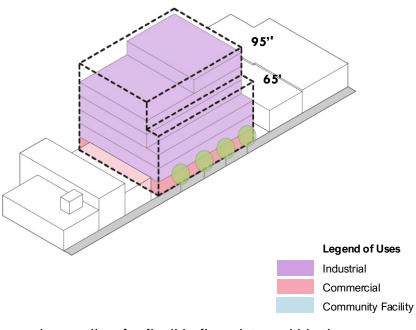
M1-2A Standalone Scenario



M2-3A Standalone Scenario



M3-2A Standalone Scenario



All Residential FAR's reflective of MIH

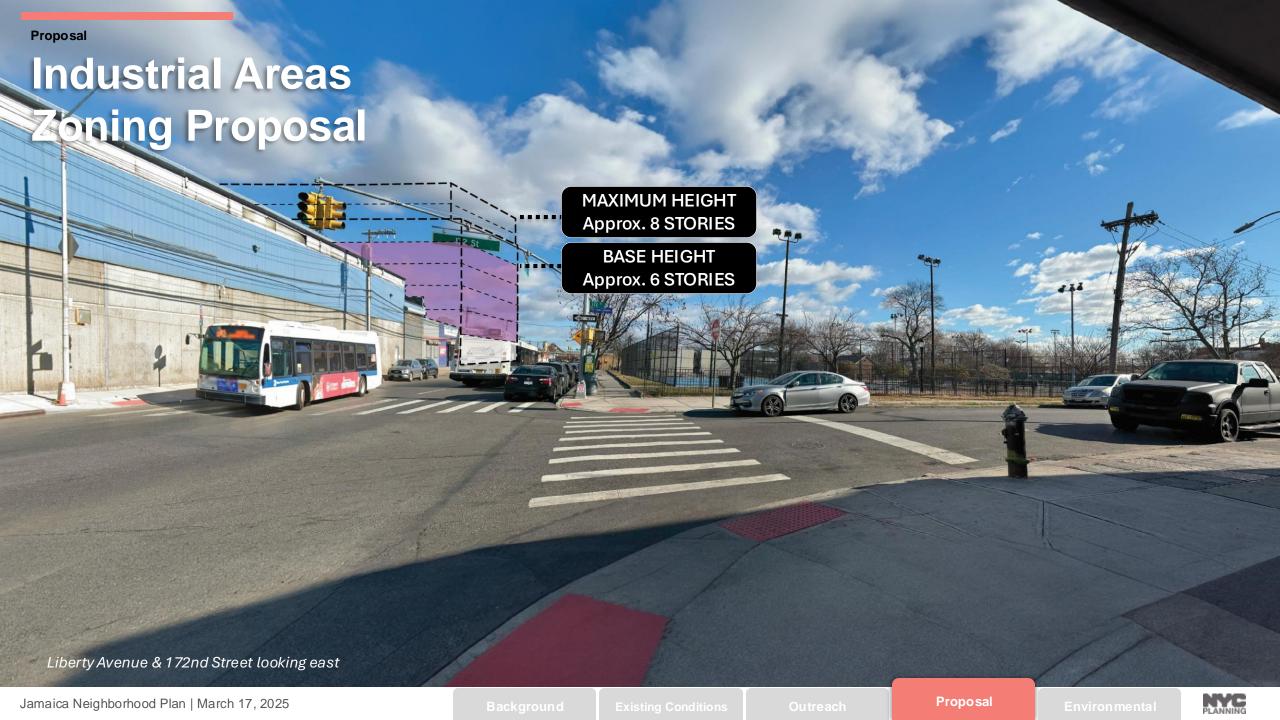
Jamaica Neighborhood Plan | March 17, 2025

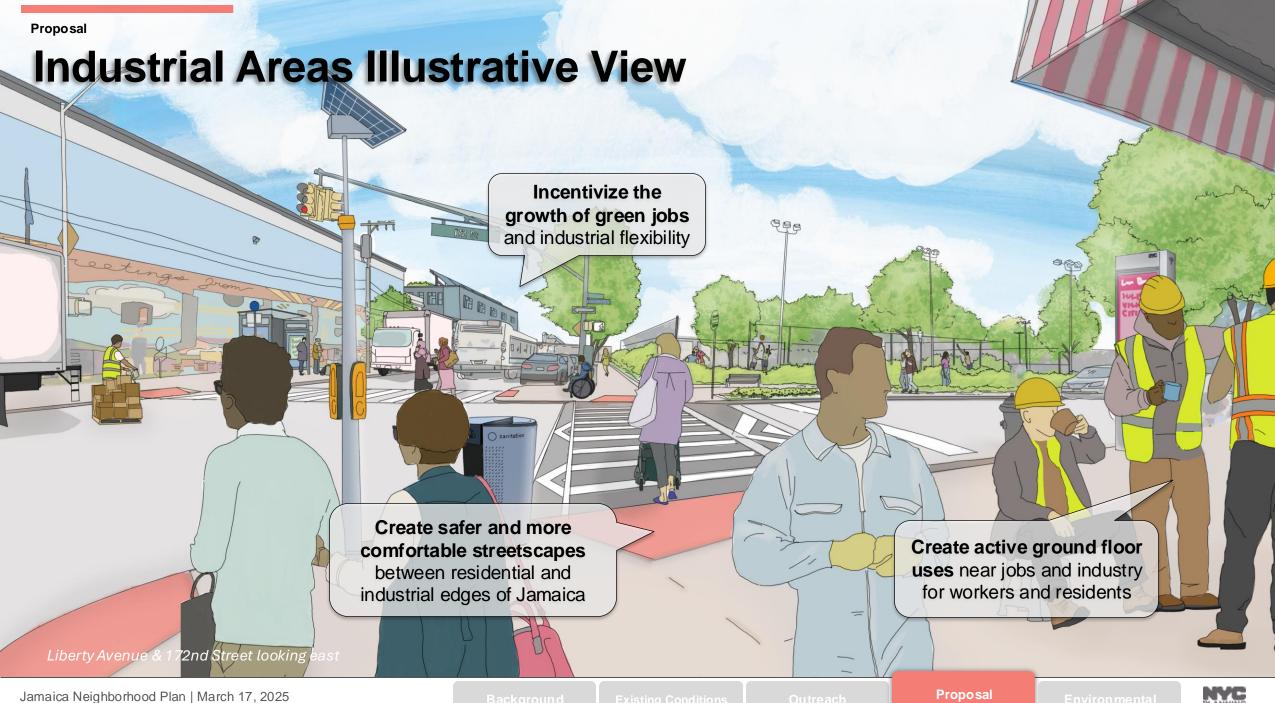
Zoning District	Max. Residential FAR	Max. Commercial FAR	Max. Community Facility FAR	Max. Manufacturing FAR
M1-2A	0.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
M2-3A	0.0	3.0	4.0	4.0
M3-2A	0.0	1.0	0.0	3.0

Aligns with city of Yes: Housing Opportunity

- Mid to high-density industrial building envelopes allow for flexible floorplates within the permitted uses to expand and grow industries in place
- Flexible uses such as commercial and/or community facility allow industries to create ground floor uses that help them to have a better presence in their neighborhood contexts (e.g.: walk-in retail spaces to on-site sales, office spaces and educational or training spaces for workforce development)



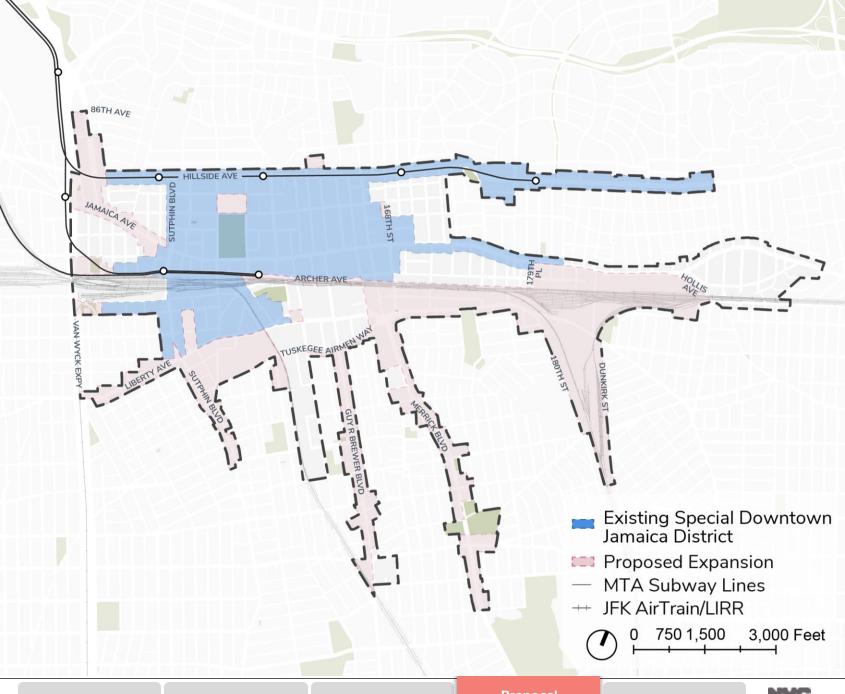






Expanding Special DJ District

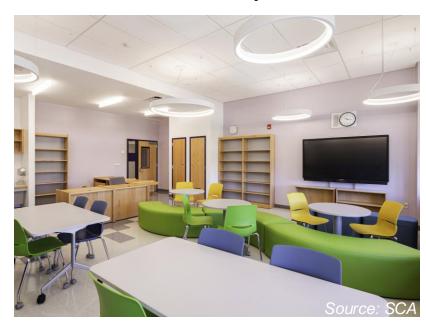
- Established in 2007
- Proposed to be expanded to cover a larger area of Jamaica





Special DJ District: New Rules

Public Schools Exemption



Proposal: Exempt up to 150,000 SF of floor space for a public school on qualifying sites of at least 20,000 SF. Provide authorization for bulk relief.

Industrial Enclosure



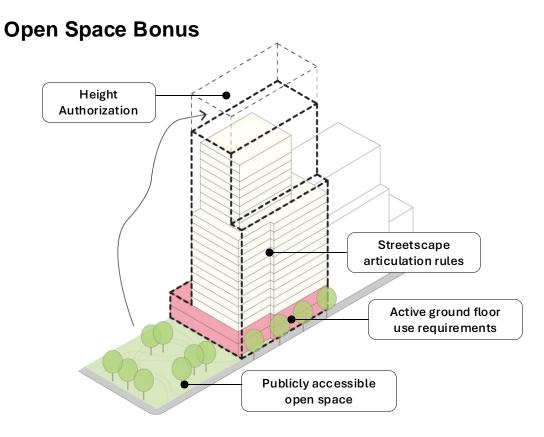
Proposal: Certain industrial businesses within M1-2A and M2-3A districts are required to be fully enclosed within 100 feet of residential districts.

Retail in Paired Districts



Proposal: Retail businesses within paired M1-2A districts or standalone M2-3A districts would not have a 10,000 SF restriction.

Special DJ District: New Rules



Depicting R9A contextual district relief to quality open spaces

Proposal: Enable new developments or enlargements to seek authorization to increase floor area where a publicly accessible open space is provided.

Streetscape Rules



Proposal: Require the developments to have active ground floor uses, transparency, restrictions on parking/loading locations

Special DJ District: Other Regulations

Building Articulation

Require buildings with street frontages over 100 feet to provide recesses, projections or other features that articulate the façade.

Street Wall Location

Require buildings with frontages along Jamaica Avenue to be built 100 percent at the street line to maintain Jamaica's strong street wall context

Group Parking Facilities

Remove the existing
Special Downtown
Jamaica Rule which
allows for accessory
group parking facilities
of up to 300 spaces as
of right.



Zoning Text Amendment

Mandatory Inclusionary Housing

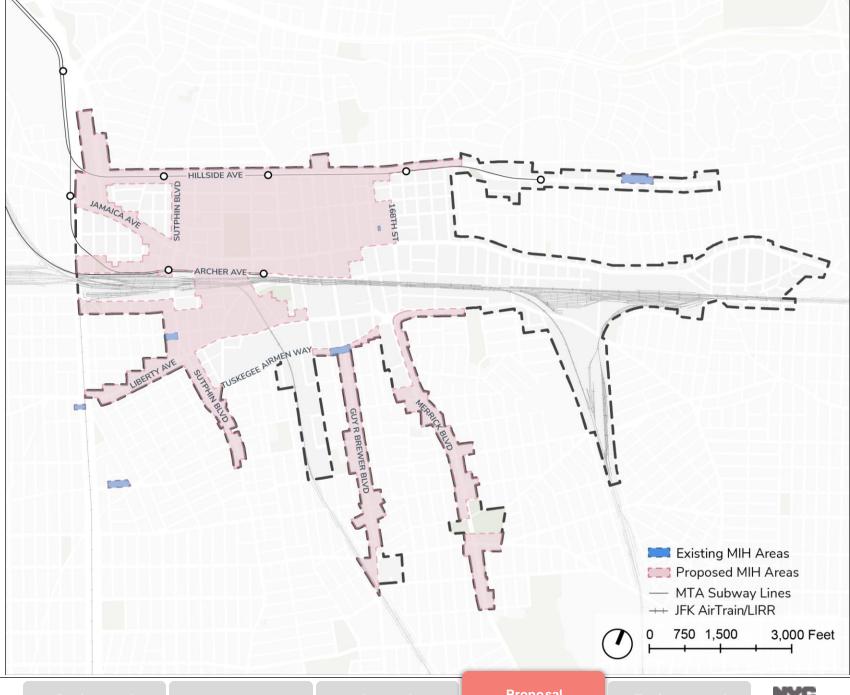
Strategy:

Create more housing that's affordable for residents

Proposal:

Map Mandatory Inclusionary Housing (MIH) with Options 1, 2 and 3

- Largest geographic area in NYC where MIH is being applied
- Result in approx. 4,000 incomerestricted units in Jamaica



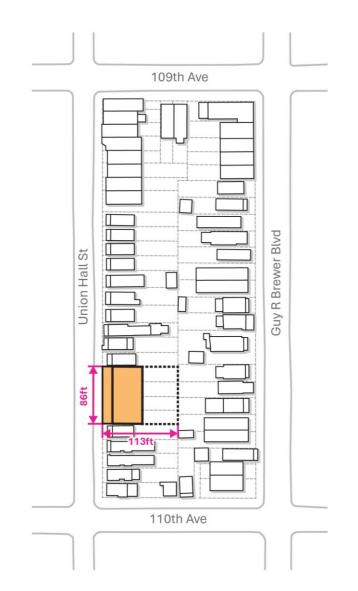


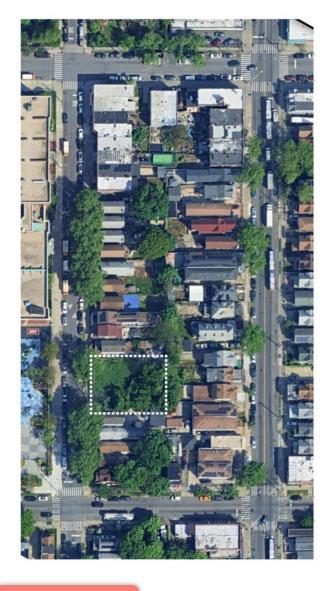


HPD-Owned Scattered Site Cluster 1

Proposal

- 100% Affordable Homeownership
- 34 Units
- Developer to be selected by HPD



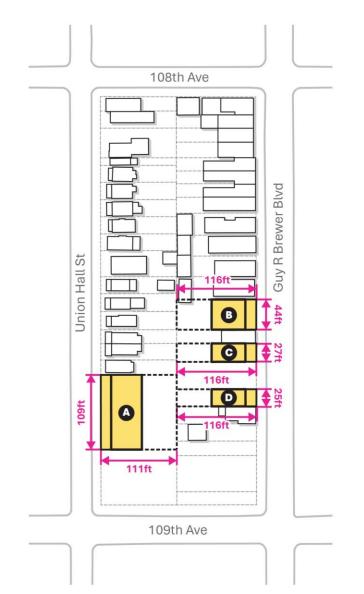




HPD-Owned Scattered Site Cluster 2

Proposal

- 100% Affordable Rental
- 83 Units
- Developer to be selected by HPD







Preserving Affordability

Strategies to Protect Tenants and Homeowners

- Support wealth building through retaining and stabilizing homeowners
 - Invest in the Homeowner Help Desk: Financial and legal counseling
 - Increase access to a program that supports low or no interest home repair loans (HomeFix 2.0)
- Prevent harassment and displacement
 - Launch Partners in Preservation: Fund local CBOs to do tenant organizing, canvassing, and conduct tenants' rights workshops
- Educate tenants and homeowners about their rights and available resources
 - Partner with CBOs and elected officials to organize trainings and events on wide range of tenant and homeowner issues



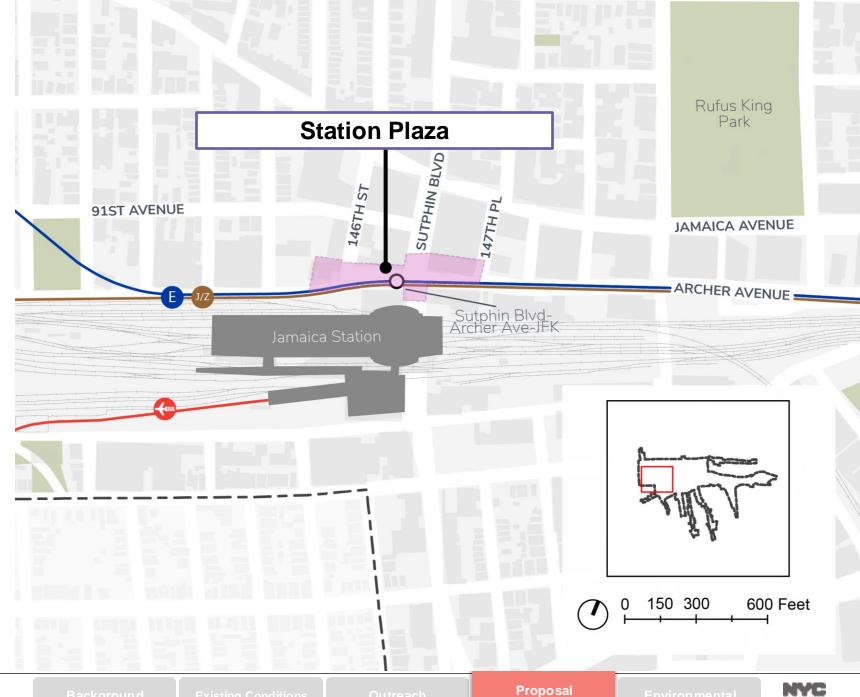
Station Plaza

Background

- In 2007, the City acquired all or part of eight properties and approved the demolition of nine buildings
- This would have facilitated the creation of approximately 0.52 acres of public plaza space

Existing Context

In response to funding constraints, NYC DOT, in conjunction with NYC EDC, has made design updates that will result in a reduced plaza area



Related Actions - City Map Amendment

Station Plaza- Proposed Action

City Map Amendment to update a previously approved public place to match the existing scope of the project.



Station Plaza: Summary

Facilitate the creation of two new public plazas (approximately 0.45 acres combined)

- Located at:
 - Northeast corner of the Archer Avenue and Sutphin Boulevard intersection
 - Northwest corner of Archer Avenue and 146th Street.





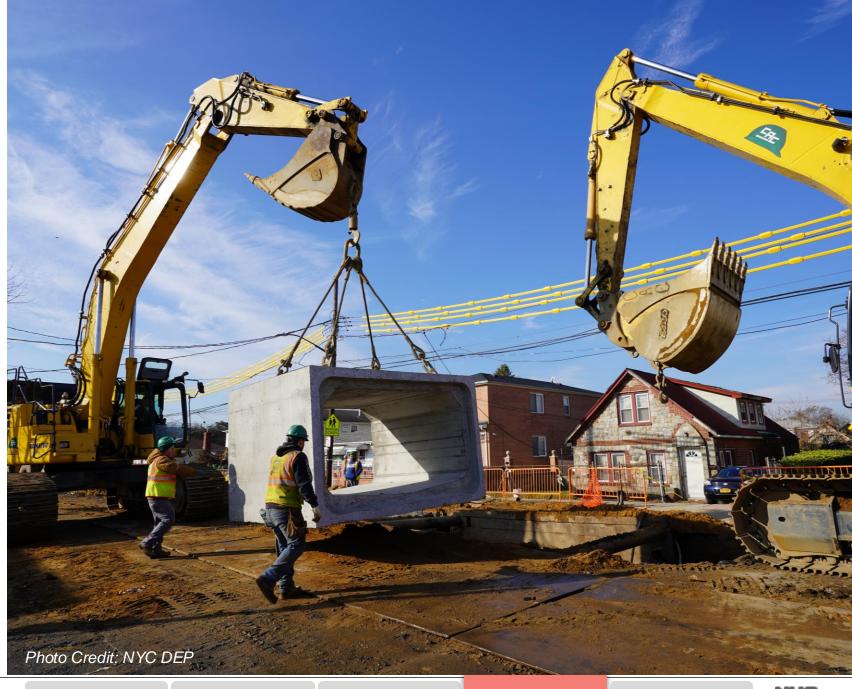
East and West Plaza Renderings



Ongoing City Investment

Infrastructure Investment

- \$2.64 billion stormwater management investments in Southeast Queens
- Over \$300M
 to begin upgrading the sewer infrastructure in Jamaica over the next 10 years





Ongoing City Investment

Jamaica Ave Streetscape **Improvement**

\$78 million dollar investment in streetscape improvements for Jamaica Avenue including:

- Sidewalk and roadway reconstruction
- Streetscape and transit amenities such as benches, leaning bars, wayfinding signage, and bike racks.
- New trees and plantings
- Improved lighting
- Increased pedestrian public space
- Accessibility upgrades to pedestrian ramps and traffic signals
- Safety improvements such as raised crosswalks, curb extensions and new signage







Environmental (CEQR)

Environmental Review

A Notice of Completion of a Draft Environmental Impact Statement was issued on March 14, 2025. The DEIS identified:

No Impact in these categories Impact in these Categories **Community Facilities & Services** Land Use, Zoning & Public Policy Energy GHG Emissions & Climate Change **Open Space** Socioeconomic Conditions **Shadows** Noise Urban Design & Visual Resources Public Health **Historic & Cultural Resources** Hazardous Materials Neighborhood Character Air Quality (mobile source) Water & Sewer Infrastructure Solid Waste & Sanitation Services **Transportation** (Traffic, Transit, and Pedestrians) Construction Mitigation measures are identified in the DEIS and will be explored further between the Draft and Final EIS.

Racial Equity Report (RER)

RER: Displacement Risk Index

Incorporates factors that may contribute to displacement (the inability to remain in one's home or neighborhood)

Population Vulnerability

Household characteristics (i.e., rent burden, income)

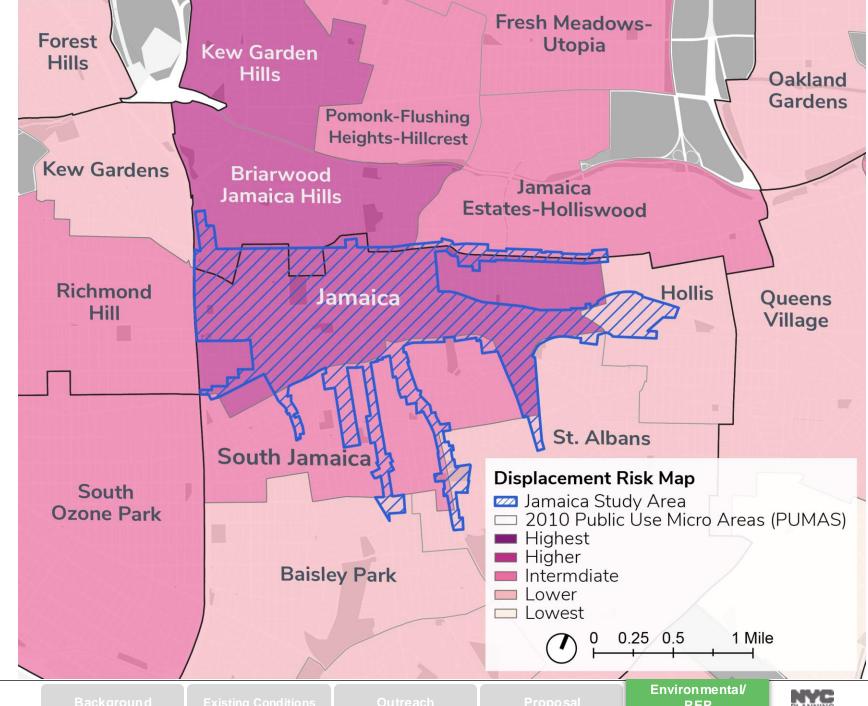
Housing Conditions

Household characteristics (i.e., rent stabilization, maintenance deficiencies)

Market Conditions

Neighborhood characteristics (i.e., housing price changes, change in rents)

*PUMA (Public Use Microdata Area) which approximates boundaries of a community district



Racial Equity Report (RER)

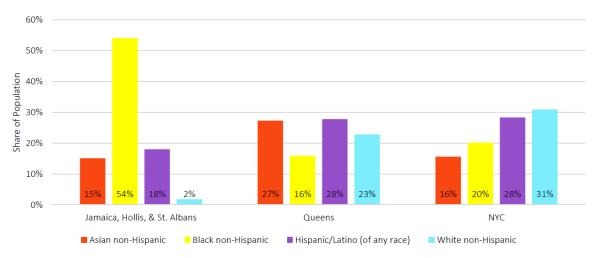
RER: Demographic Data

PUMA (Public Use Microdata Area) 4112 covering Jamaica, Hollis & St. Albans (approximately Queens CD 12

Figure 1: Race & Ethnicity, 2020

Shows the share of area population by mutually exclusive race and Hispanic ethnicity. Compares the local area to the borough and city.

"In 2020, [percent] of the population in [area] identified as [race/ethnicity]."

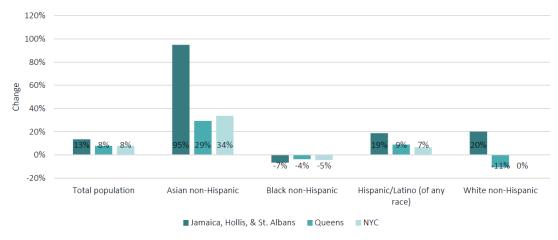


Source: Census 2020; Community Profile Table 1.01

Figure 2: Percent Change in Race & Ethnicity, 2010 to 2020

Shows the percent change of the area population by mutually exclusive race and Hispanic ethnicity. Compares the local area to the borough and city.

"From 2010 to 2020, the [race/ethnicity] population in [area] increased/decreased by [percent]."



Source: Census 2010, 2020; Community Profile Table 1.01

Racial Equity Report (RER)

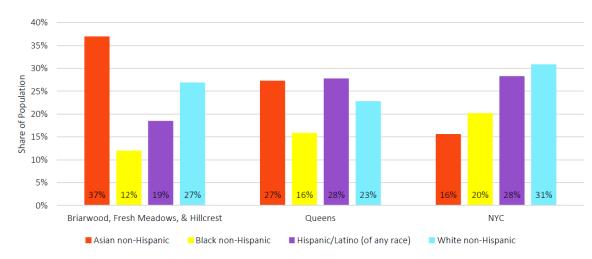
RER: Demographic Data

PUMA (Public Use Microdata Area) 4106 covering Briarwood, Fresh Meadows & Hillcrest (approximately Queens CD 8

Figure 1: Race & Ethnicity, 2020

Shows the share of area population by mutually exclusive race and Hispanic ethnicity. Compares the local area to the borough and city.

"In 2020, [percent] of the population in [area] identified as [race/ethnicity]."



Source: Census 2020; Community Profile Table 1.01

Figure 2: Percent Change in Race & Ethnicity, 2010 to 2020

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"From 2010 to 2020, the [race/ethnicity] population in [area] increased/decreased by [percent]."



Source: Census 2010, 2020; Community Profile Table 1.01

Summary

Summary of Proposed Actions

Zoning Map Amendment

 Promote growth of housing and jobs with zoning districts tailored to block and street types

Zoning Text Amendment

- Expand the Special Downtown Jamaica Special District
- Apply Mandatory Inclusionary Housing (MIH) and special regulations to support jobs, active ground floors, streetscape improvements, open space, and a mix of uses

Urban Development Action Area Project (UDAAP)/Disposition

 Redevelop and improve vacant underutilized Cityowned land with 100% income-restricted housing

Related Action: City Map Amendment

 Facilitate the construction of two pedestrian plazas proposed as a part of the Station Plaza project.



Illustrative image of Sutphin Blvd and Archer Avenue





